

Workshop on Strategic Planning for Agricultural and Rural Statistics

Session 4

Experience in Undertaking Methodological Research in Agricultural and Rural Statistics in Asia and the Pacific

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Outline of Presentation

- Background information
- Process for undertaking research
- Some Research Results
- Issues that were encountered

Background Information

- In 2011 ADB President accepted ESCAP and Committee on Statistics' invitation to actively support the Global Strategy to Improve Agricultural and Rural Statistics.
- Two technical assistance projects were processed – one in 2011, another in 2013 and are being implemented to support the Global Strategy.
- ADB Management decided not to comingle ADB's funds with the Global Fund because of differences in accounting and output requirements.

How were methodological research identified?

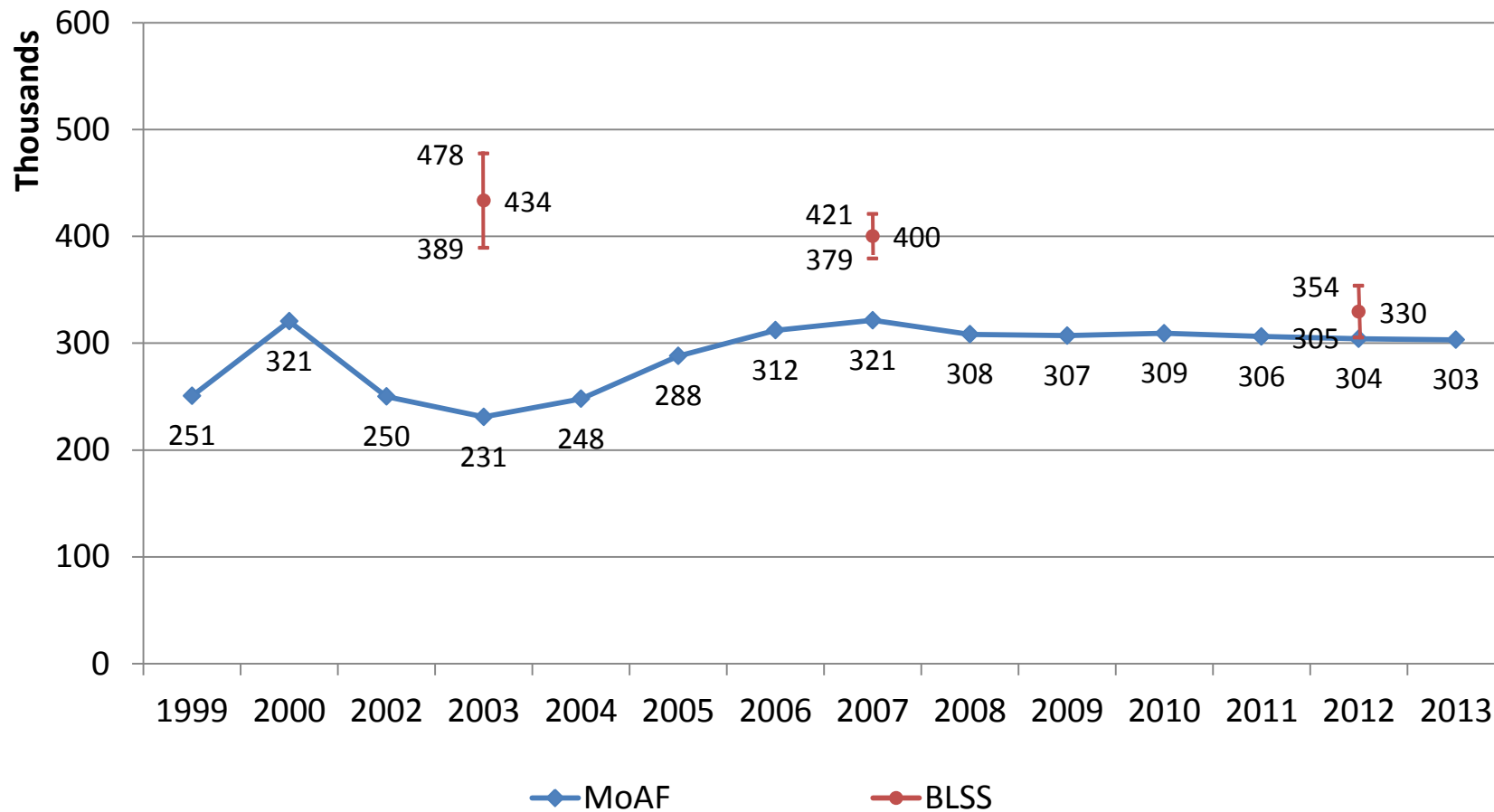
- Intensive consultations with major stakeholders
- Development of country action plan
- Dialog with implementing agencies

Approach: Country driven, consultative; through government hierarchy and existing institutions and organizations; ADB provided technical advice and funding support when requested

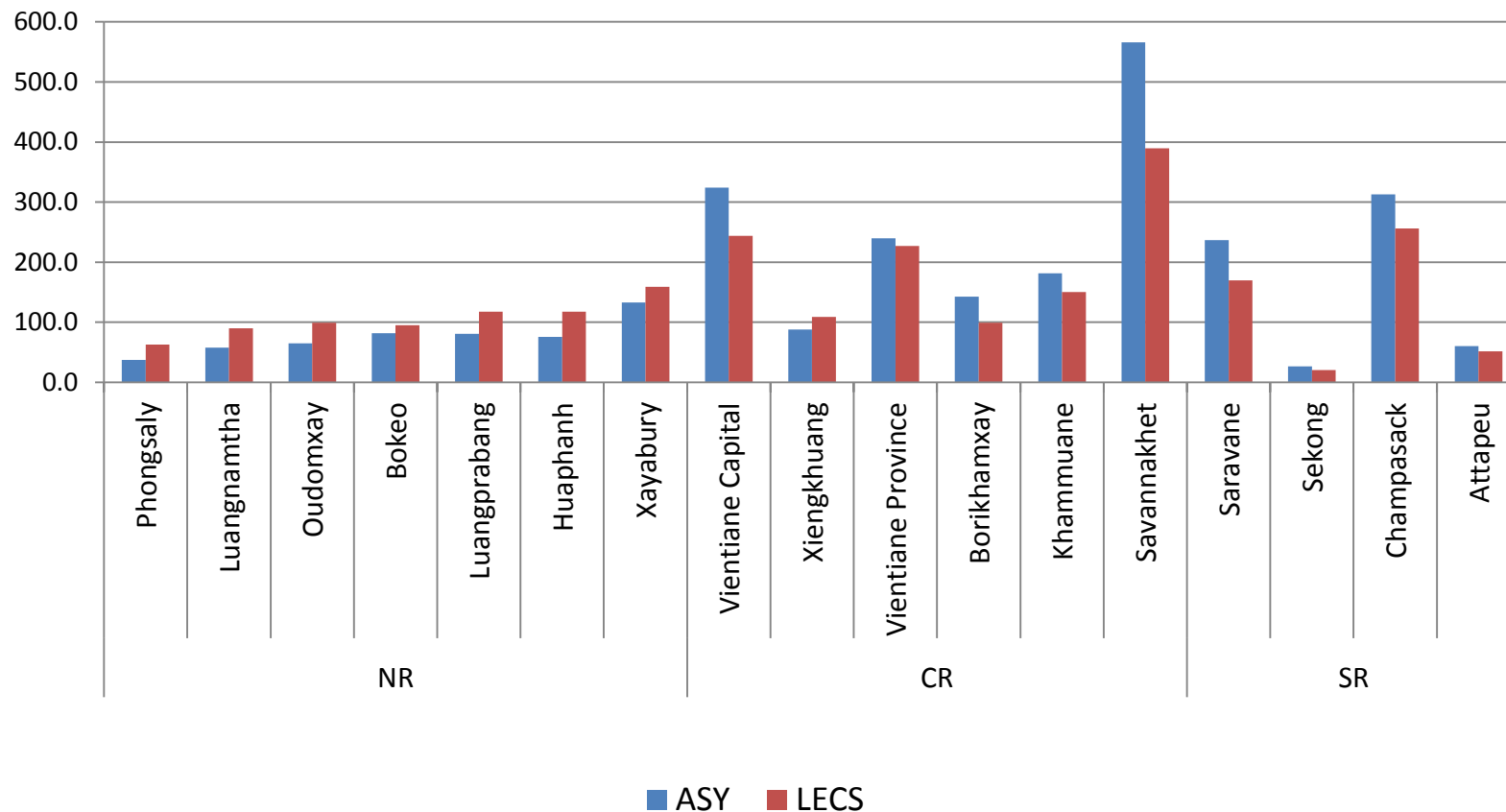
Methodological Studies (1)

- Bhutan Living Standard Survey 2003, 2007 and 2012: A Comparative Analysis of Rural and Urban Households
- Examining the Available Data Sources for Agriculture Statistics in Bhutan
- Examining the Existing Agriculture Data Sources in Lao PDR
- Improving Agricultural Data Collection Systems in Lao PDR
- Adoption of **A**gricultural **L**and **I**nformation **S**ystem (ALIS) for Agricultural Area Estimation in the Philippines
- Improving the Design of Livestock Production Probability Surveys in Viet Nam

Comparison of MoAF and BLSS Data on Number of Cattle Owned by Households



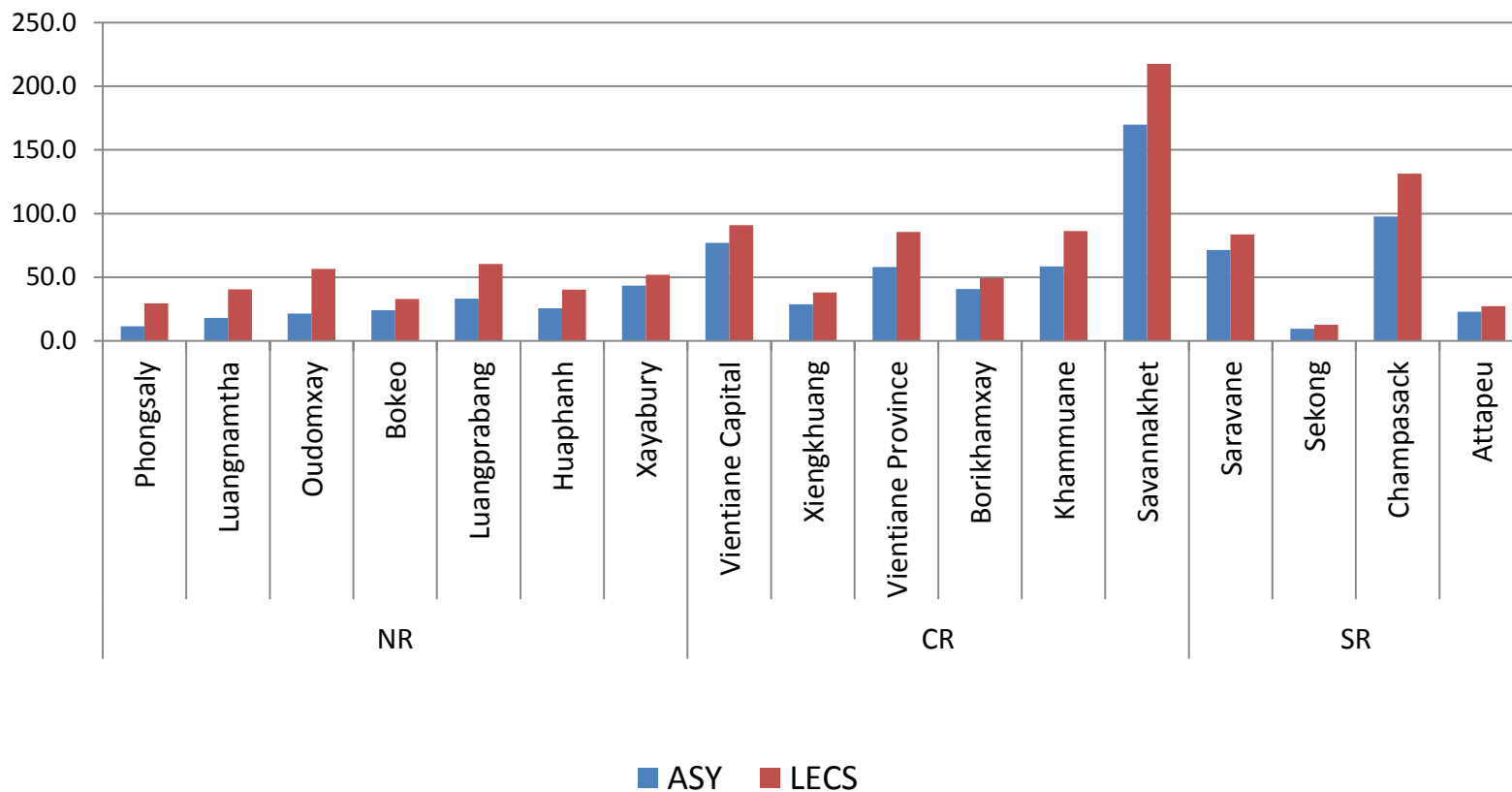
Rice Production ('000 tons), 2007



Sources: ASY 2007 and LECS 2007/2008

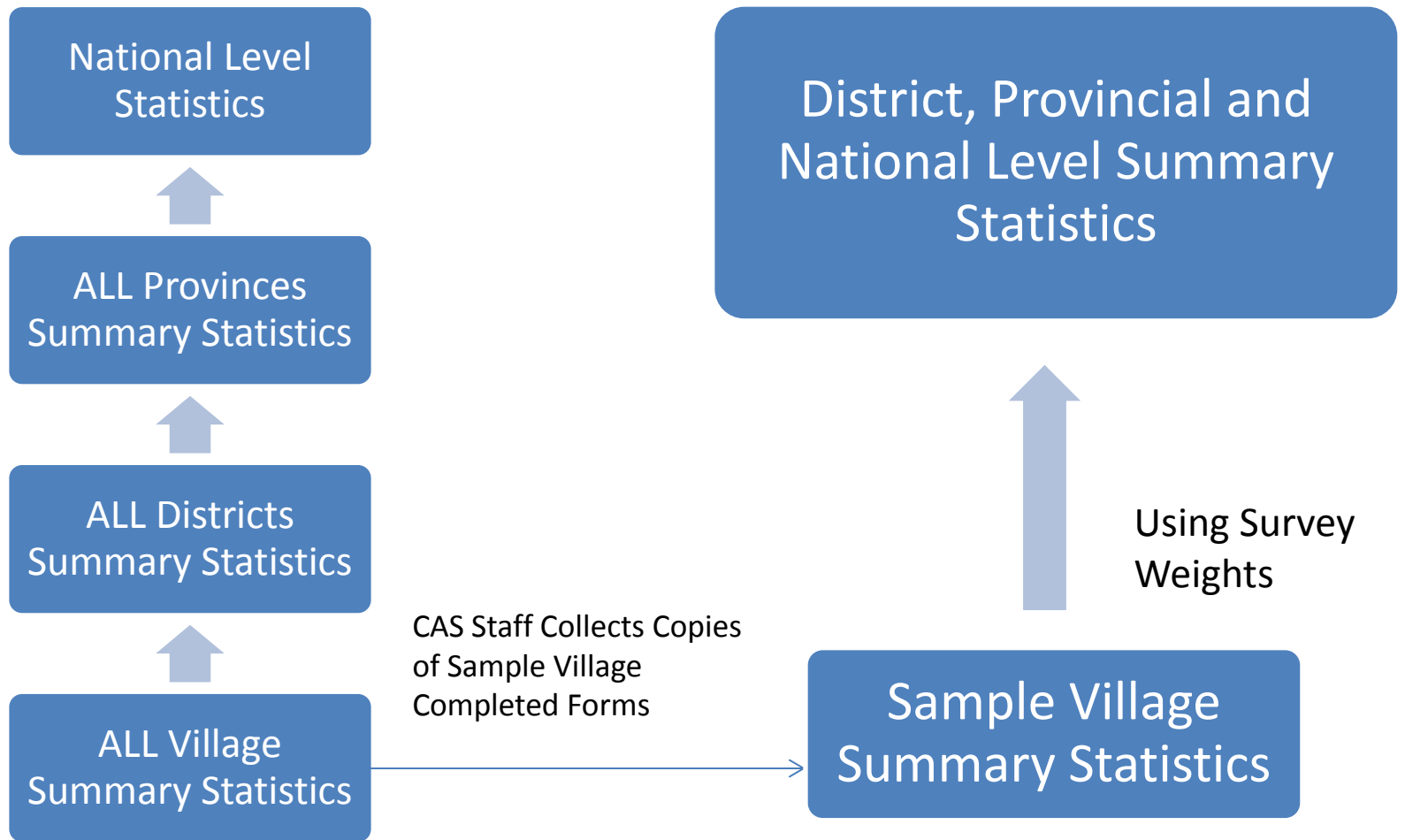
Research Results: Lao PDR

Area Planted with Rice ('000 ha), 2007



Sources: ASY 2007 and LECS 2007/2008

Improving the Data Collection System



Philippines: Agricultural Land Information System

Map mesh registration

Subject:Area Survey 201308

MeshId:687-

Scale:9 Menu

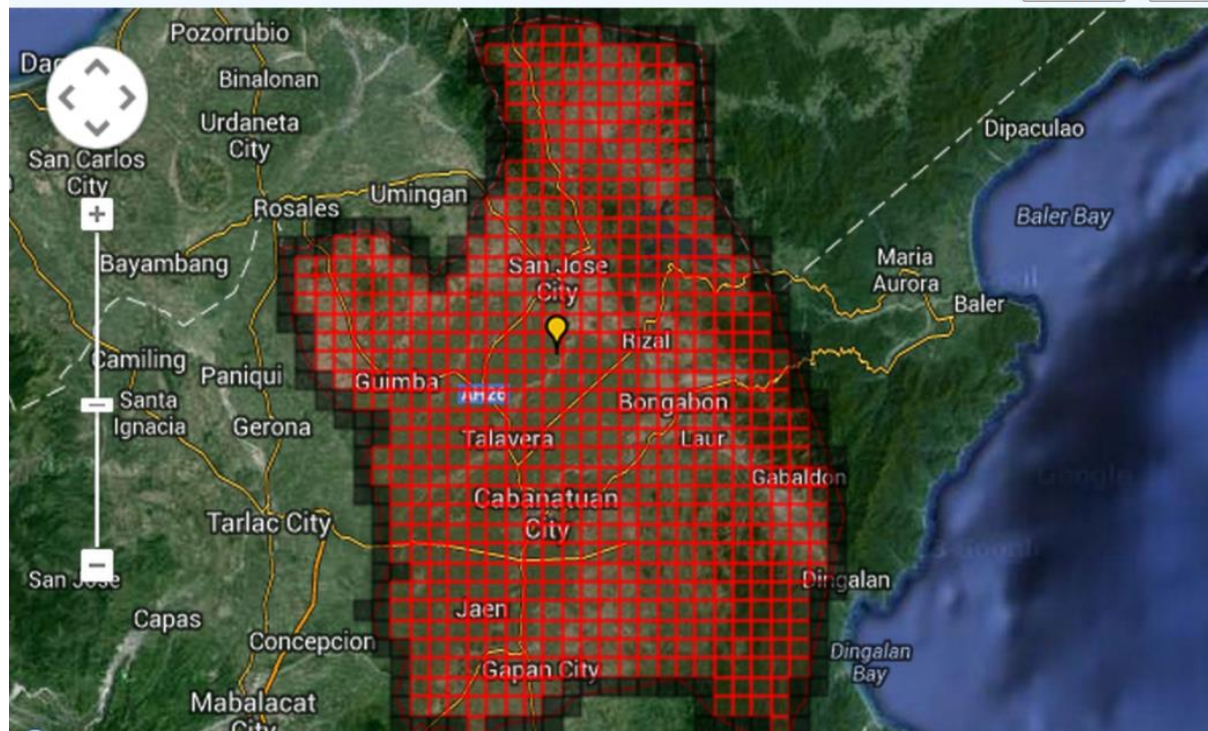
Country:Philippines Province: Nueva Ecija Find Reset

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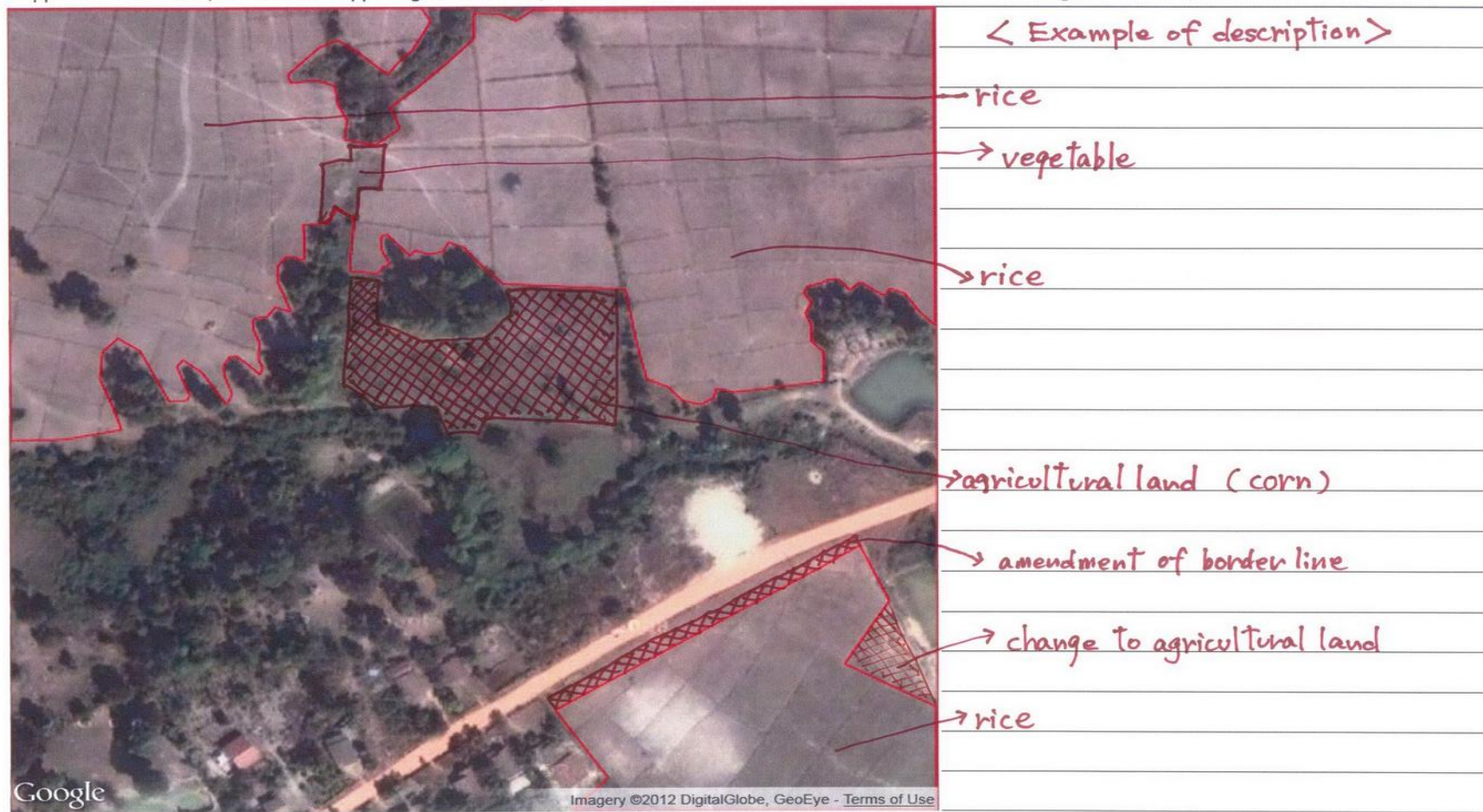
Wide: 2.5km Area: 300m Area Border Target Wide

TargetCount:21,525

Remove Entry



Field validation: Survey map verification

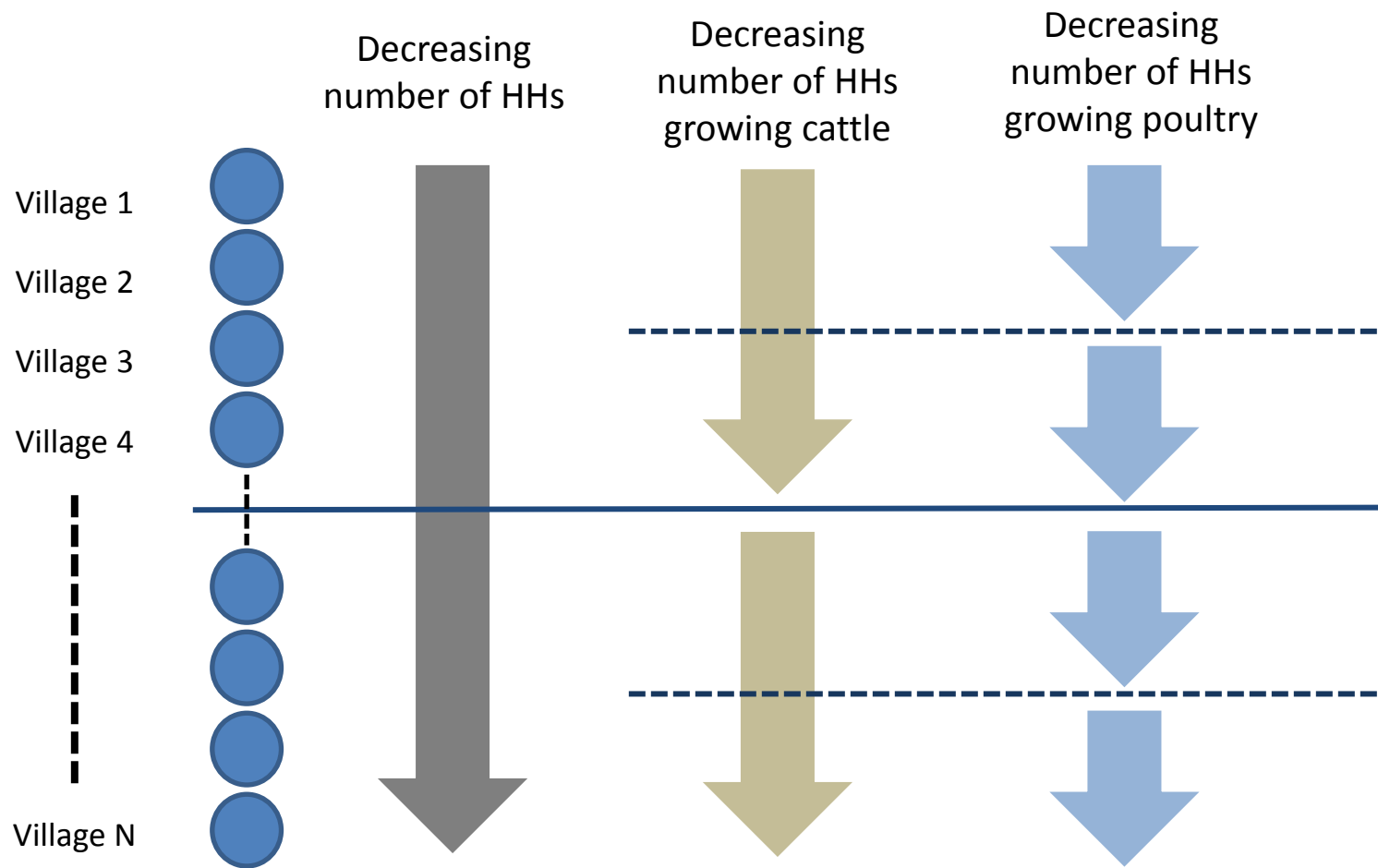


Results

Crop Planted Area Estimates by Type of Crop, Nueva Ecija (in hectares)

Type of Crop	Value	Share (%)	Standard Error	Coefficient of Variation
Rice	176,445.92	78.09	7,015.47	3.98
Maize	333.57	0.15	225.74	67.68
Cassava	573.95	0.25	430.57	75.02
Others	48,597.03	21.51	5,833.48	12.00

Illustration of Sampling Frame Construction for Livestock Survey



Research Results: Viet Nam

Assessment of Prospective Sampling Design for Livestock Survey

Characteristics of Interest	Population			Systematic Sample			SRS	Deff
	N	Mean	Var	Mean	Var(Mean)	CV	Var(Mean)	
Number of Households	3220	213.7584	31394.83	213.76	40.90	2.99	87.75	0.47
No. of buffalo growing households	3220	18.70963	636.2589	18.71	1.19	5.82	1.78	0.67
No. of cattle growing households	3220	53.07081	5175.173	53.07	1.96	2.64	14.46	0.14
No. of goat growing households	3220	0.443478	3.967913	0.44	0.01	16.31	0.01	0.47
No. of sheep growing households	3220	0	0	0.00	0.00			
No. of pig growing households	3220	88.73478	7185.012	88.73	11.64	3.85	20.08	0.58
No. of chicken growing households	3220	128.3842	11858.6	128.38	11.28	2.62	33.15	0.34
No. of duck growing households	3220	24.45466	1069.732	24.45	1.65	5.26	2.99	0.55
No. of swan/goose growing households	3220	9.35528	365.1723	9.36	0.28	5.63	1.02	0.27
No. of buffalos	3220	27.34472	1749.111	27.34	3.85	7.18	4.89	0.79
No. of cattle	3220	103.4944	30366.18	103.49	16.44	3.92	84.87	0.19
No. of goats	3220	5.193168	553.7639	5.19	1.25	21.50	1.55	0.81
No. of sheep	3220	0	0	0.00	0.00			
No. of pigs	3220	455.5407	368710	455.54	1030.64	7.05	1030.56	1.00
No. of chicken	3220	5814.884	75258458	5814.88	124474.21	6.07	210349.73	0.59
No. of ducks	3220	1212.034	5183001	1212.03	3624.86	4.97	14486.65	0.25
No. of swans/geese	3220	192.4242	188152.6	192.42	631.48	13.06	525.89	1.20

Challenges in Undertaking the Methodological Studies (1)

- Coordination between agricultural data producing agencies (national statistics offices and agriculture ministries)
- Technical reports, documentation, questionnaire in local language only
- Inadequate technical skills to adapt statistical methods
- Data are in different formats, location
- Availability of counterpart staff in implementing agencies

Approach to Overcome the Challenges (1)

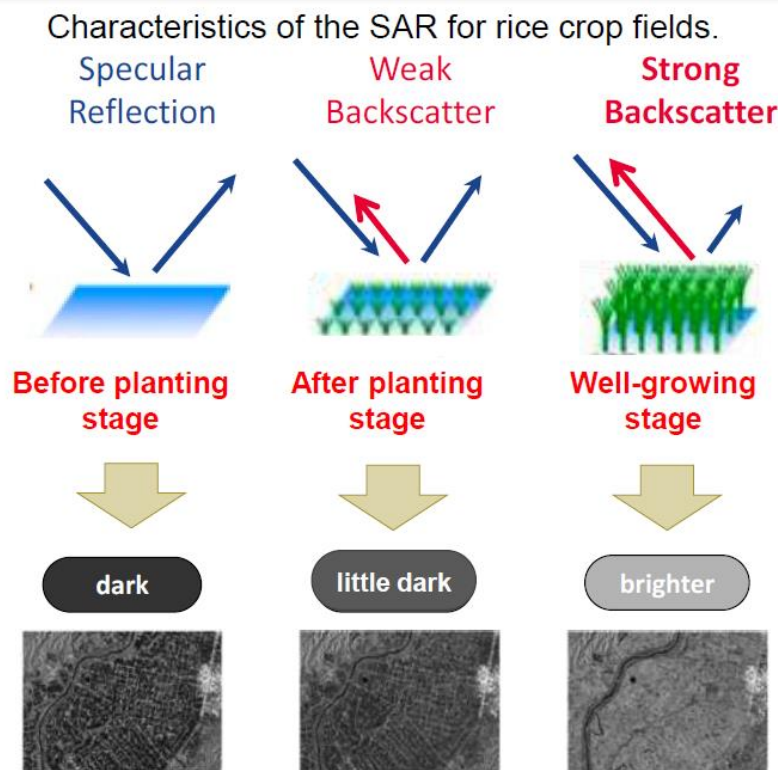
- Advocacy through high level meetings and consultation workshops
- Frequent discussions between ADB Project Team and implementing agencies
- Documentation, technical reports were translated to English
- Conduct joint training programs for staff from national statistics offices and agriculture ministries
- Training materials, discussions during training sessions are designed according to the skill level of participants
- Interpreter during training programs

Methodological Studies (2)

- Estimating Rice Crop Area and Production using Space-based Technology
 - Lao PDR, Philippines, Thailand and Viet Nam
 - Radar and optical satellite data will be used
 - Software for reading satellite data and transforming it to rice crop area (INAHOR)

Innovative Data Collection Methods for Agricultural and Rural Statistics

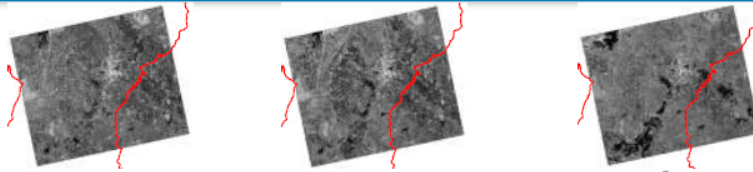
Basic concept for detecting rice crop planting area



Can detect rice planting area by differentiating the dark areas in planting stage and the brighter areas in well-growing stage

Innovative Data Collection Methods for Agricultural and Rural Statistics

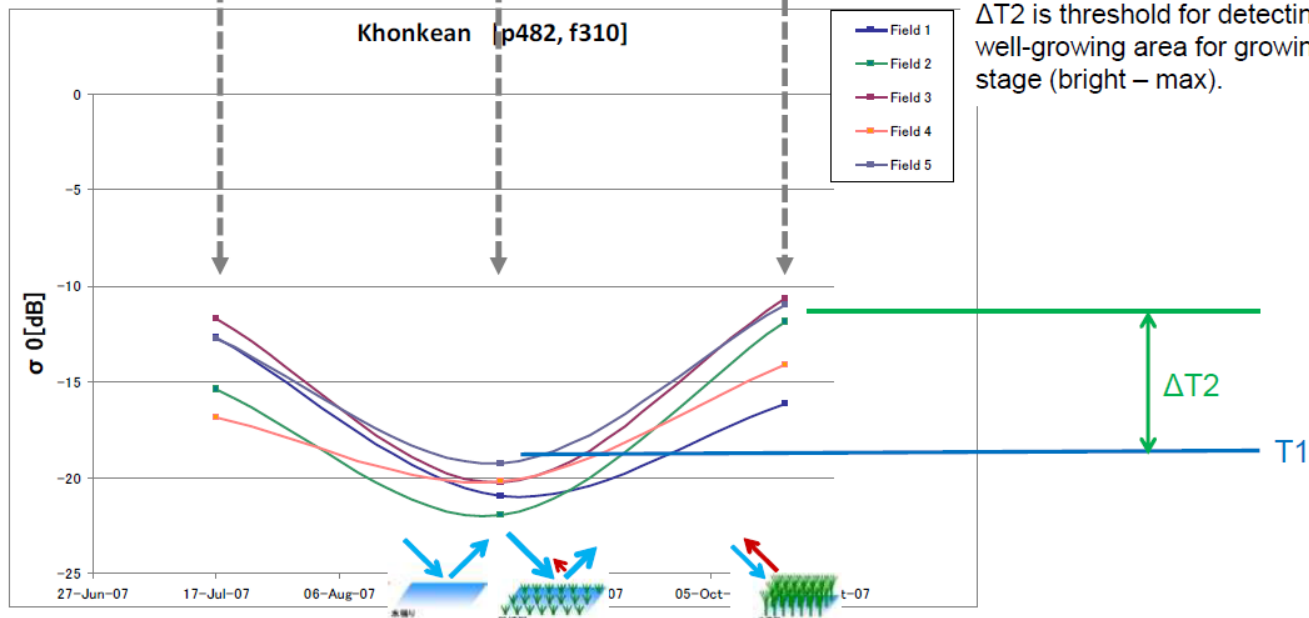
Basic concept for detecting rice crop area



You need two threshold (min and max) to detect rice crop area by using INAHOR.

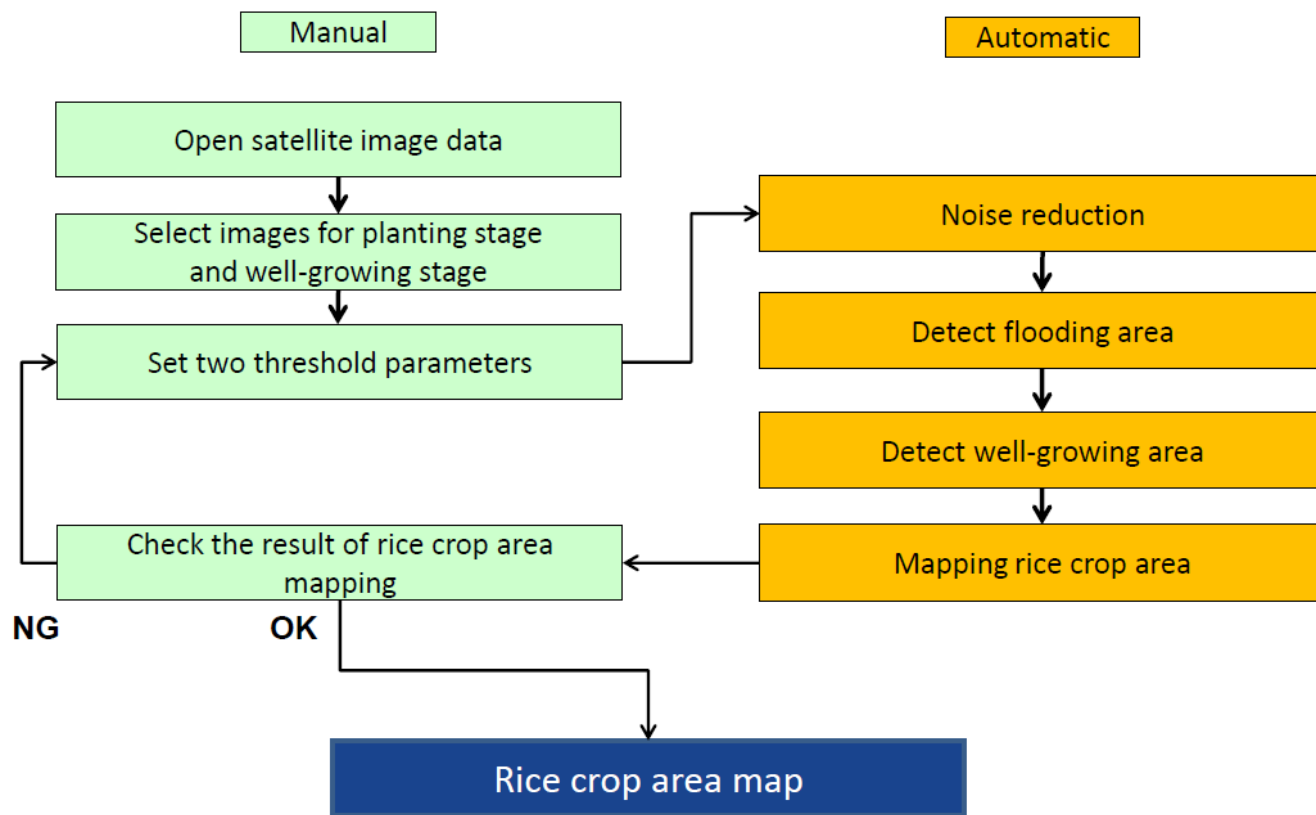
T1 is threshold for detecting flooding areas at planting stage (dark – min).

$\Delta T2$ is threshold for detecting well-growing area for growing stage (bright – max).



Innovative Data Collection Methods for Agricultural and Rural Statistics

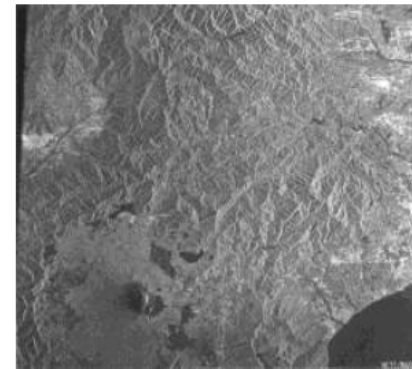
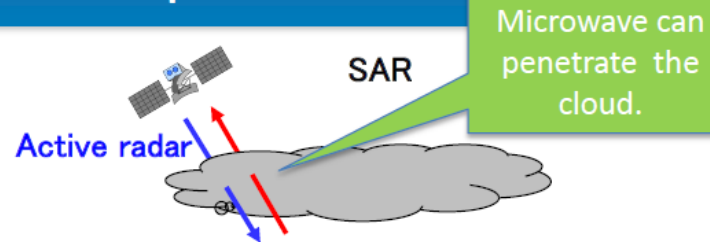
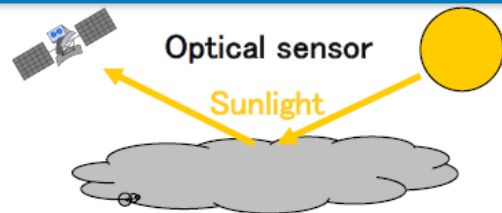
Flowchart of rice crop area mapping



Finally, you can get production by multiplying the rice crop area and yield per unit.

Innovative Data Collection Methods for Agricultural and Rural Statistics

Why do we need SAR to rice crop area estimation?

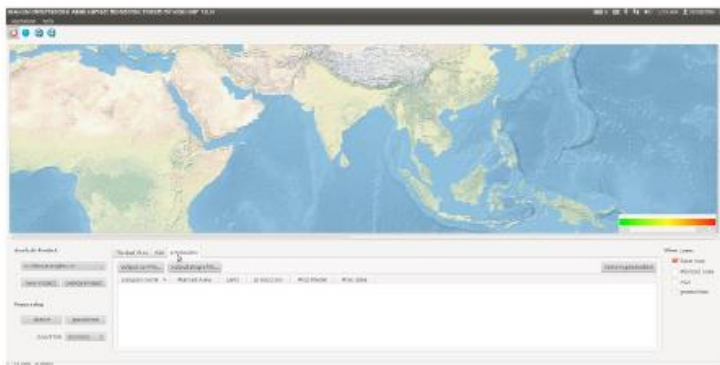


The two images were observed at the same time.

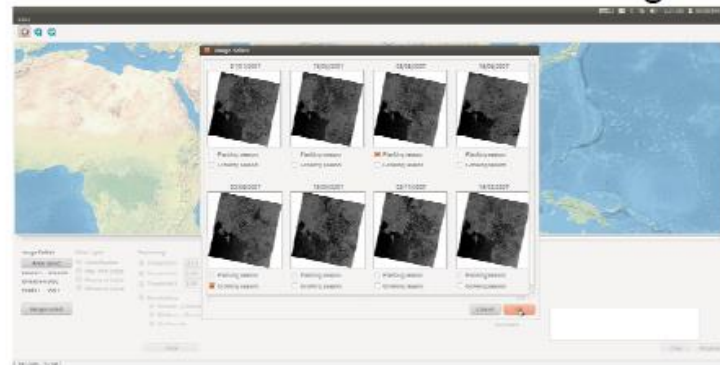
- ❖ Optical sensor cannot observe the ground under the cloud/rain.
- ❖ SAR can observe the ground under the cloud (all weather and night time).
- ❖ Main crop season in Asia is Monsoon season when it is very cloudy in rainy season

Innovative Data Collection Methods for Agricultural and Rural Statistics

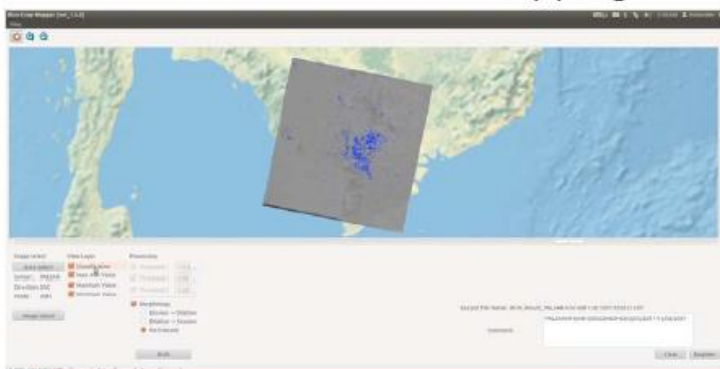
1. Main Window



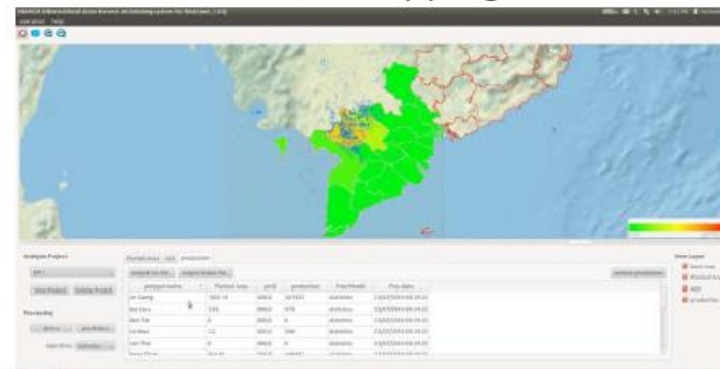
2. Select SAR data for Processing



3. Rice Cultivated Area Mapping



4. Calculate Mapping Area



This software enables to map rice cultivated area easily from time-series SAR data.

Challenges in Undertaking the Methodological Studies (2)

- Statisticians are not familiar with satellite-based technology
 - Technical skills are not available in ADB and in implementing agencies staff
 - Learning and applying new technology on-the-job can be challenging
- Ensuring that new technology and method will be cost effective even after project life
 - Getting open access to software and low cost satellite data
- Mindset of major stakeholders
 - Differences in perspective between statisticians and remote sensing specialists

Approach to Overcome the Challenges (2)

- Established partnerships with relevant agencies who developed the software and methodologies
 - Partnership agreement with JAXA on the use and modification of INAHOR and special priced satellite data
 - Tripartite agreement with the International Rice Research Institute (IRRI) and the Philippine Rice Research Institute (PhilRice) for the conduct of crop cutting exercises
- Modification of INAHOR software for use of statisticians
 - User friendly features
 - Data and meta-data management
 - Integrated software applications (INAHOR, MultiSpec, QGIS)

Approach to Overcome the Challenges (3)

- Designed a series of training programs to upgrade the skills of implementing agencies staff on the use of satellite-based technology and on the new methods
 - Training materials are designed according to the skill level of participants and translated to local language
 - Interpreter is available during training programs
 - More hands-on sessions and interaction with trainers
- Regular communication with implementing agencies, technical advisers and remote sensing specialists through WebEx meetings and teleconferences



For More Information:

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(Community for Agricultural and Rural Statistics)