منظمة الأغذية والزراعة للأم المتحدة



1. Contact information and mandate

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations



Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'alimentation et l'agriculture Продовольственная и сельскохозяйственная организация Объединенных Наций Organización de las Naciones Unidas para la Alimentación y la Agricultura

# International organization progress report on the implementation of the Global Plan of Action for Animal Genetic Resources 2007-2013

Name and position of respondent	Elli Broxham, Programme Director
Name of organization	SAVE Foundation
E-mail of organization	office@save-foundation.net
Geographical coverage of your organization	Europe
2. Animal species coverage of your organiz	ation
General livestock-related mandate	
Large ruminants	
Small ruminants	
Pigs	
Poultry	
Rabbits & micro livestock	
Camelidae	
Equines	
Strategic Priority Area 1: Cha	aracterization, Inventory and Monitoring
Does your organization implement or characterization of animal genetic resou	support the implementation of projects or programmes on phenotypic irces?
Yes   No	
If yes, please provide details and specify the production environments:	the countries and species involved and whether you include characterization of

Bı	eed Atlases	or the Balkan region, Greece and Romania (online on www.agrobiodiversity.net)	
2.		organization implement or support the implementation of projects or programmes on molecul ation of animal genetic resources?	aı
	Yes		
	No		
	If yes, pleas	provide details and specify the countries and species involved:	
be "d pr	een accepted etermination ojects and m	AO Funding Strategy for the Global Plan of Action for Animal Genetic Resources the project "BushaLive" has Together with partners from the universities of Sarajevo and Munich, SAVE runs this project for the of different types and strains of Busha Cattle in the Balkans through collection of existing information from settings e.g. of ERFP and SAVE, phenotypical characterization of different types and strains and molecular including the estimation of the purity of distinct subpopulations".	
3.	and/or stru Yes	organization implement or support the implementation of projects or programmes for surveying the size ture of animal genetic resources populations and monitoring population trends?	ze
	No		
	· ·	provide details and specify the countries and species involved:	
Se	ee answer to	questions 1 & 2	
	Yes No	threats to animal genetic resources?   provide details and specify the countries and species involved:	
		ecially S.E. Europe. Species specific for donkeys (see <a href="http://agrobiodiversity.net/regional/index.htm">http://agrobiodiversity.net/regional/index.htm</a> => brbuffalo and Cattle in S.E. Europe.	
5.	Does your genetic res	organization support countries in the development of early warning and response systems for anim ources?	а
	Yes		
	No		
	If yes, pleas	provide details and specify the countries and species involved:	
Th	rough the ab	ove mentioned projects, contact to stakeholders on the ground	
<b>.</b>	phenotypic resources	ganization involved in research and development on methods, technical standards or protocols for molecular characterization, surveying and monitoring of population size or threats to animal genetor breed evaluation, valuation and comparison?  characterization	

Molecular	characterization
Yes	
No	
Surveying	and monitoring
Yes	
No	
If yes, par	ticipatory monitoring
Yes	
No	
Breed eva	duation or comparison
Yes	
No	
Economic	valuation
Yes	
No	
Please prov	vide details:
	ludes all components, all the other SAVE projects include some or most of the above factors e.g. the "donkey ban-European) looks at the economic valuation of donkeys in Europe.
	organization identified major obstacles to inventory, characterization and monitoring of animal genetic in all or part of your mandate area or species coverage?
Yes	
No	
If yes, pleas	se list them being as specific as possible regarding geographical area / species:
	date information on stock numbers or herd-book data. This often in S.E. Europe but also to be found in Central specially in the case of feral populations and donkeys.
8 What are t	he priority measures that need to be taken to address these obstacles?
	ling for data handling, e.g. herd-book and record keeping
	scribe any additional activities relevant to the implementation of Strategic Priority Area 1: Characterization, and monitoring of trends and associated risks.
Communication	on about characterisation methods
Strategic P	Priority Area 2: Sustainable Use and Development
34.09.01	

	organization support countries in developing, reviewing or adjusting their national policies affecting the use of animal genetic resources?
Yes	
No	
If yes, please	e provide details and specify the countries and species involved:
	ring through websites, meetings and newsletters. In Bulgaria through the programme: "Linking nature protection e rural development" funded by the Swiss Contribution thematic fund "Civil Society Participation in Bulgaria"
2. Does your o	organization promote agro-ecosystem approaches?
Yes	
No	
If yes, please	e provide details:
The agro-ecosy approach taken	rstem approach is promoted in every project, article, website etc of SAVE Foundation. It is the basis of the by SAVE.
3. Does your o	organization contribute to the planning or implementation of strategic breeding programmes?
Mainstream	breeds
Yes	
No	
Under-utilize	ed breeds
Yes	
No	
If yes, please	e provide details (including the breeds involved) being as specific as possible:
In the past bree	y supported: Busha, Prespa, Greek autochthonous cattle in general, Ciuta sheep eding programmes for various breeds have been supported and/or implemented in the following: Balkans, nia, Bulgaria, Alpine region
4. Does your o	organization contribute to the development of recording systems or organizational structures for breeding
Yes	
No	
If yes, please	e provide details (including the breeds involved) being as specific as possible:
In the context o	f projects for the breeds mentioned in question 3
assessment	ts and programmes that your organization implements or supports involve the use of exotic breeds, have any s been made of the long-term impacts of the use of exotic breeds on animal genetic resource diversity and/or food security in the affected countries and production systems?
Yes	
No	
No proj	jects or programmes involving exotic breeds

	organization implemented or supported the implementation of animal genetic resources-related projects achieving sustainable intensification of production?
Yes	
No	$\stackrel{\smile}{ullet}$
If yes, pleas	se provide details and specify the countries and animal genetic resources involved:
stakehold	ur organization contribute to the development of mechanisms for facilitating interactions among lers, scientific disciplines and sectors as part of planning for sustainable use development of animates
Yes	
No	
If yes, pleas	se provide details and specify the countries or regions involved:
1	rities are based on the multi-stakeholder approach including civil society, science, government and commercial
interests.	
	ganization's activities contribute to improving farmers' and livestock keepers' knowledge of animal sources from various sources?
Yes	
No	
If yes, pleas	se provide details and specify the countries and types of animal genetic resources involved:
Running of wo	rkshops and seminars on best practice and knowledge exchange, publications and networking.
•	rganization's activities contribute to improving farmers' and livestock keepers' access to animal genetion from various sources?
Yes	
No	
If yes, pleas	se provide details and specify the countries and types of animal genetic resources involved:
Exchange of a	nimals and/or breeding material
	r organization contribute to the development of agreements for equitable sharing of benefits arising from and use and development of, animal genetic resources?
Yes	
No	
If yes, pleas	se provide details:
Contributions activities	to the discussion on policy level. No on the ground activities as it has, as yet, never been an issue within SAVE

If yes, please provide details:

	ur organization contribute to efforts to preserve and respect indigenous or local production systems and ed traditional knowledge and practices related to animal genetic resources?
Yes	
No	
	ise provide details:
	ect elements relating to economic valuation and, also, collection of traditional knowledge relating to local systems.
	ur organization implement or support the implementation of projects that aim to promote the marketing of s from local breeds or local production systems?
Yes	
No	
If yes, plea	se provide details and specify the breeds and production systems involved:
www.arcanet European lak conservation provided from Through provides include Ecosystem Improved ru Eco-tourism	and marketing of products and services from local breeds occurs on three levels: the Arca-Net ( <a href="http://xariety-savers.net/page/arca-deli-award-2013">http://xariety-savers.net/page/arca-deli-award-2013</a> ) and Heritaste(R) a pancel that will come into use from mid-2014. The objectives of this label are to promote the in situ/on farm of autochthonous agrobiodiversity in Europe and to add value to the products and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity.  In the Arca-Net ( <a href="http://xariety-savers.net/page/arca-deli-award-2013">http://xariety-savers.net/page/arca-deli-award-2013</a> ) and Heritaste(R) a panchel that will come into use from mid-2014. The objectives of this label are to promote the in situ/on farm of autochthonous agrobiodiversity in Europe and to add value to the products and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity.  In the Arca-Net ( <a href="https://xariety-savers.net/page/arca-deli-award-2013">https://xariety-savers.net/page/arca-deli-award-2013</a> ) and Heritaste(R) a panchel that will come into use from mid-2014. The objectives of this label are to promote the in situ/on farm of autochthonous agrobiodiversity in Europe and to add value to the products and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity a number of secondary effects are expected to ensue, are conservation used to the products and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity a number of secondary effects are expected to ensue, are conservation used to the products and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and services that can be made or in European agrobiodiversity and serv
<b>13. Has your</b> Yes	organization identified obstacles to enhancing the sustainable use and development of animal genetic resources?
No	
	ise provide details:
	wledge about the e.g. ecosystem benefits or the special nutritional qualities of local breeds
14. What are	the priority measures that need to be taken to address these obstacles?
	to improve knowledge about local breeds n ecosystem benefits or the special nutritional qualities of local breeds
	ur organization provide, or support the provision of, training or technical support programmes for animal gactivities in pastoralist and farming communities?
Yes	
No	
If yes, pl	ease provide details:

16. Has your organization identified priorities for future training or support programmes to enhance the use and development of available animal genetic resources?
Yes •
No O
If yes, please provide details of the priority activities, being as specific as possible:
Recording, sharing and strengthening of traditional knowledge
17. Please describe any additional activities relevant to the implementation of Strategic Priority Area 2: Sustainable use and development.
Strategic Priority Area 3: Conservation
Strategic Priority Area 3: Conservation
1. Is erosion of animal genetic resources occurring in any of the countries or regions in which your organization is active?
Yes
No O
Do not know
If yes, please describe. Please be as specific as possible and indicate which factors or drivers affect which species in which
countries or regions:
Example: in the Prespa region the Liqenas goat is endangered due to the replacement with mainstream breeds.
2. Does your organization support the establishment of emergency response systems that provide for immediate action
to maintain threatened breeds?
Yes
No O
If yes, please provide details:
Through the ELBARN project (www.elbarn.net) however, the implementation of the guidelines has, in many countries, not
occurred - probably due to lack of funding/resources.
3. Does your organization take or support actions to protect breeds and populations that are at risk from natural or human-induced disasters?
Yes
No •
If yes, please provide details:
7 - 2/1 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -

4. From your organizational point of view, how would you judge the state of conservation policies for animal genetic resources in the countries and regions in which you operate?
Everywhere where SAVE is active, the actors are depending too heavily on subsidies and state policy. The state funding for local breeds is cut very quickly when states have to reduce budgets. Local breeds are not "important enough" within national policies. This endangers conservation.
5. What types of conservation measures for animal genetic resources does your organization implement or support the implementation of?
In situ
Yes
No O
Ex situ in vivo
Yes
No O
Ex situ in vitro
Yes O
No
Please provide details, and specify the countries and animal genetic resources involved:
6. If your organization maintains ex situ collections of animal genetic resources, could you please provide further information on these collections?
7. Is your organization conducting research to further develop methods and technologies for <i>in situ</i> or <i>ex situ</i> conservation of animal genetic resources?
Yes O
No •
If yes, please briefly describe the research:
8. Has your organization identified major obstacles to enhancing the conservation of animal genetic resources?
Yes
No O
If yes, please provide details:
Economic problems, lack of knowledge on many stakeholder levels, lobbying from the "mainstream" is more effective.

3. What are the priority measures that need to be taken to address these obstacles:
Information about the value and importance of AnGR needs to be spread to a wide audience - research to back up the information.
10. From your organizational point of view, what are the priority requirements for enhancing conservation measures for animal genetic resources in the countries and regions in which you operate? Please list the requirements, being as specific as possible:
Funding! Better public relations and collaboration between actors. Political lobbying and multi-actor information sharing. An inclusive and bottom-up approach that includes all actors.
11. Please describe any additional activities relevant to the implementation of Strategic Priority Area 3: Conservation.
Capacity building at the level of civil society, anchoring conservation in state policy in such a way that changing governments and economics have a lessened impact on policy.
Strategic Priority Area 4: Policies, Institutions and Capacity-building
Does your organization support or facilitate the establishment of institutional frameworks for planning and implementing animal genetic resources programmes?
Yes
No O
If yes, please provide details and specify the countries or regions involved:
In Bulgaria through the programme: "Linking nature protection and sustainable rural development" funded by the Swiss Contribution thematic fund "Civil Society Participation in Bulgaria"
2. Does your organization support countries in formulating or implementing national strategies and action plans for animal genetic resources?
Yes
No O
If yes, please provide details and specify the countries involved:
Bulgaria, as above
3. Does your organization contribute to the development of regulatory frameworks or legislation for animal genetic resources
Yes •
No O
If yes, please provide details and specify the countries or regions involved:
Both in general and specifically in Bulgaria at the moment

4. Does your or	ganization have a database or information system for animal genetic resources-related data?
Yes	lacktriangle
No	
If yes, please d	escribe the purpose and contents of the system and, if relevant, how frequently data are updated:
Online: breed atla	ases already mentioned plus a digital database for internal office use
	rganization have collaborative links to other stakeholders involved in the management of animal genetic .g. the breeding industry, livestock keepers, government agencies, research institutes and civil society s)?
Yes	
No	
If yes, please	provide details:
The SAVE netwo	ork incorporates all of these apart from the breeding industry.
6. Does your o	rganization cooperate with breeders' organizations?
Yes	lacktriangle
No	
If yes, please	provide details:
	projects and activities
•	ganization supported the establishment or strengthening of community-based organizations, networks for sustainable use, breeding or conservation?
Yes	ullet
No	
If ves. please	provide details:
	caly, Amaltheia in Greece, Network for Waterbuffalo Breeding in Southeast Europe
	rganization implement or support the implementation of training or capacity-building programmes for tic resources management?
Yes	lacktriangle
No	
If yes, please	provide details and specify countries involved:
Workshops on he	erdbooks, breeding in small populations
9 Has your ord	panization identified priorities for future animal genetic resources-related capacity-building and education?
	Transfer in the filling and education:
Yes	
INO	

10. Does your organization implement or support the implementation of programmes to increase public awareness of the roles and values of animal genetic resources?  Yes No
If yes, please provide details:  This is a very important part of the SAVE programme and is conducted through websites and social media, eNews, meetings, workshops and seminars. More work could be done but there is a lack of funding to support these activities.  11. Please describe any additional activities relevant to the implementation of Strategic Priority Area 4: Policies, institutions and capacity-building.  Implementation and Financing of Global Plan of Action for Animal Genetic Resources  1. Has your organization's budget for activities supporting the implementation of the Global Plan of Action and animal genetic resources programmes increased since the plan's adoption in September 2007?
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genetic resources programmes increased since the plan's adoption in September 2007?
No O
Please provide details:
Funding for BushaLive
2. Has your organization contributed to the establishment or strengthening of international research and/or educatio programmes to assist developing countries or countries with economies in transition to better manage animagenetic resources?
Yes •
No O
If yes, please provide details:
Various projects in Rumania and the Balkans
No O  If yes, please provide details:

information systems related to animal genetic resources?

Yes

If yes, please provide details:

No	
If yes, plea	ase provide details:
e.g. the previ	ously mentioned breed atlases
	organization provided funding to countries for the implementation of the Global Plan of Action for Animal esources?
Yes	
No	
If yes, plea	ase provide details and specify the countries involved:
5. Has your	organization contributed to establishing or strengthening international collaboration with regard to:
Character	ization of animal genetic resources
Yes	
No	
Use and o	levelopment of animal genetic resources
Yes	
No	
Conserva	tion of transboundary breeds
Yes	
No	
Please pro	ovide details and specify the countries involved:
Annual Europ	pean seminars on these topics; cross-border management strategy for Busha cattle
6. Does you	r organization collaborate with national or international non-governmental organizations (NGOs) in the fields of:
Character	ization
Yes	
No	
Sustainab	ole intensification
Yes	
No	
Conserva	tion of breeds at risk
Yes	lacktriangle
No	
Please pro	ovide details and specify the countries involved:
All SAVE pro	jects and activities include these elements

7. Please describe any additional activities relevant to the implementation and financing of the Global Plan of Action for Animal Genetic Resources:						

### **Annex**

## Pressures on the three main actors in conservation of Animal Genetic Resources

**State:** Political and economic - the pressure on nation-states to take part in, sign and conform to international treaties and conventions . The expectation to provide financial and structural capacity for conservation.

**Civil society:** Ideology and day-to-day pressure - the ideologies of grassroots stakeholders, which influence the work of the NGOs/CSOs and the daily pressures of caring for animals, financial concerns etc.

**Scientists:** Excellence and funding - the pressure to produce scientifically rigorous results, the pressure to find adequate funding that allows for independence and excellence.

(Commercial: Profits and consumer confidence – the need to regularly provide consumers with quality products.)

Information exchange and dialogue between the actors is essential for successful conservation.

### The State actor

### Strengths:

- Takes part in international negotiation
- · Represents interests of national stakeholders
- Structural support to strengthen argument (hierarchy)
- Legitimised to represent national interests

### Weaknesses:

- Unverified, politically expedient claims
- Works within the "norms"
- Bargains to create an agreement
- Acts through political self-interest and that of most powerful national stakeholders

### The NGOs

### Strengths:

- Small, fast working, no red tape, innovative
- Have the support of the grassroots
- Look for "what works" and act on that
- Have vast experience in conservation work

### Weaknesses:

- Lack of power
- · Lack of resources
- Not always representative, professional or effective
- Can make a simple issue too complex

#### **Science**

# Strengths:

- Objective, evidence based
- Independent
- Methodologically sound

· Legitimation through peer review

### Weaknesses:

- Lack political power
- Resources from third party funding (not always sustainable)
- Expensive (laboratories etc) and time-consuming (e.g. longitudinal studies)
- Unable to compromise easily due to evidence-based stance

### **Sharing the Load**

### "State"

- Financial assistance
- Cooperation with the private sector
- · Reassessing the legal framework
- Positive regulation

### "NGO"

- Monitoring of breeds and their conservation status
- Livestock transfers
- Advice to breeders/keepers
- Management of herdbooks
- Promotion of cultural heritage and products
- In situ/on farm conservation

#### "Science"

- Scientific documentation and verification
- Advice, recommendations and strategies
- Ex-situ conservation

### Working together

- Without a planned strategy, loss of genetic diversity cannot be halted
- Cooperative goal setting is essential
- Means for achieving goals not just financial, they are also structural/legal
- NGOs need to be brought on board but also need the freedom to remain innovative and representative of their members
- Where no NGOs exist, space should be provided for them to emerge
- Success will only be found in the cooperation of all stakeholders!

# **SAVE Foundation Activity Report 2013**

http://www.save-foundation.net/docu/reports/SAVE activity 2013.pdf

## **SAVE Projects since 2007**

Arca-Net

is an internet portal for the networking and promotion of institutions in Europe showing rare breeds and historical plants to the public, as ark-farms, pedagogic farms, open air museums, animal parks, variety gardens etc.. Search functions in English, French, German and Italian.

- => Link to the Arca-Net
- => Project description Arca-Net overview.pdf (download 76 KB, requires Acrobat Reader)
- Variety-Savers

an internet-portal for listing all keepers of indigenous livestock breeds and cultivators of indigenous cultivated plants in Europe. Variety-Savers should be used to network, to share information, to list events and to sell products and services relating to European agrobiodiversity. => Information flyer

=> Link to the Variety-Savers.Net

ELBARN

European Livestock Breeds Ark and Rescue Net

Co-financed by the EU-Commission in the frame of GenRes 870/2004

- => ELBARN.pdf (435 KB, project description)
- => Report of the Pilot study from March 2000 (requires Acrobat Reader)
- => Link to the ELBARN-Website
- Agrobiodiversity.Net

Internet-Portal with links to NGO- and GO-Networks on European, regional and national level. The portal is suitable as a start page in the internet browser for those who regularly have to do with agrobiodiversity.

- => Link to Agrobiodiversit.Net
- Launching of the "Heritaste" trademark (registered) to promote products and services from autochthonous livestock breeds and cultivated plants.
  - => Trademark with draft conditions
- Donkey breeds in Europe\*
  - => Final report of the study (PDF 1.3 MB)
  - => English abstract (PDF 132 KB)
- Management of Feral Populations in Europe
  - => project description (PDF 44 KB)
  - => data sheet for the survey 2011/2012
- Alpine Network for Agrobiodiversity
  - => Link to the Network website
- Alpine Knowledge Database (Alp-Wiki)
  - => project description (PDF 48 KB)
  - => Project "Fundus Agri-Cultura Alpina"
- Conservation of highly endangered autochthonous breeds of the Alps
  - => conservation of black Alpine pigs, short report (in Italian): Suino Nero delle Alpi
  - => conservation of the Ciuta sheep (smallest of the Alps): Progetto Ciuta (in Italian!)
- BushaLive Project Under the UN-FAO Funding Strategy for the Global Plan of Action for Animal Genetic Resources the project "BushaLive" has been accepted. Together with partners from the universities of Sarajevo and Munich, SAVE runs this project for the "determination of different types and strains of Busha Cattle in the Balkans through collection of existing information from projects and meetings e.g. of ERFP and SAVE, phenotypical characterization of different types and strains and molecular genetic analysis including the estimation of the purity of distinct subpopulations". A comprehensive overview in the field for the collection of Information about the situation, production, conservation and market possibilities of Busha cattle will be done as well as discussion and determination of best practice methods. The development of a crossborder in-situ

conservation and data management model shall ensure a sustainable conservation. This reflects the need for information exchange, technology transfer and capacity building within the Balkans. See <a href="http://www.agrobiodiversity.net/regional/index.htm">http://www.agrobiodiversity.net/regional/index.htm</a>

- Balkans Network for Agrobiodiversity
  - (coord. of conservation measures, establishment of rare breed centres)
  - => Link to the Network website
  - => Project description Balkan Network.pdf (download 236 KB, requires Acrobat Reader)
  - => SAVE Focus, Special Edition Balkan: <u>Balkan\_Focus.pdf</u> (PDFfile, 2.6 MBe, requires Acrobat Reader)
  - => Rare Breeds and Varieties of the Balkans, Atlas 2009 <u>BreedatlasBalkan.pdf</u> (140 pages, 4,6 MB)
- Water Buffalo in Southeast Europe, especially the Carpathian type, and establishment of an international Buffalo-Network
  - => Intermediate report <a href="mailto:Carpathian\_Buffalo\_2009.pdf">Carpathian\_Buffalo\_2009.pdf</a> (56 KB)
  - => Link to the Buffalo Workshop Sighisoara 2011
  - => Link to the "Network for Waterbuffalo Breeding in Southeast Europe"
- Rescue Station for three endangered Albanian pig breeds in the Buna-Delta, Albania
  - => short english summary (PDF 56 KB)
  - => Report 2008 (PDF 988 KB)
  - => Report 2009 (PDF 384 KB)
- Prespa cattle in Albania and Greece
  - => Prespa\_cattle.pdf, report on identification and conservation (PDF file, 376 KB)
  - => Prespa\_cattle\_2012.pdf, intermediate report 2012 (PDF file, 750 KB)
- Bulgaria expert role in the programme "Linking nature protection and sustainable rural development" funded by the Swiss Contribution thematic fund "Civil Society Participation in Bulgaria"
- Conservation of Agrobiodiversity in the Carpathians
  - => Project description (download 268 KB, requires Acrobat Reader)
  - => Final report phase II, 2005-2008 (PDF, 256 KB)
- Animal Genetic Resources in Romania breed atlas Romania under http://www.agrobiodiversity.net/national/index.htm => Romania
- Animal Genetic Resources in Greece\*
  - => Project description (download 292 KB, requires Acrobat Reader)
  - => <u>Breedatlas\_Greece</u> (download 4.8 MB, requires Acrobat Reader)
  - => Link to the AgroBiodiversity-Net in Greece
- Prespa cattle in Greece and Albania
  - => Prespa\_cattle.pdf, report on identification and conservation (PDF file, 376 KB)
  - => Prespa cattle 2012.pdf, intermediate report 2012 (PDF file, 750 KB)
- Survey regarding the population and ethology of feral Axios horses in Greece 2008\*
   executed by Amaltheia (Greek Society for the Protection and Preservation of Livestock Breeds)
   => Report Axios horses (PDF 1,3 MB)

### Information distribution to as many stakeholders as possible through:

- eNews (free, quarterly) sent to c. 3000 people
- Facebook <u>www.facebook.com/agrobiodiversity</u>
- Promotion of discussions and exchange Facebook group SAVE Foundation Variety Savers <a href="https://www.facebook.com/groups/626516310695064/">https://www.facebook.com/groups/626516310695064/</a> should be used to share news, photos, events and questions and take part in the discussions relating to conservation of European agrobiodiversity.