Web Annex 2: Output indicators and targets (updated May 2014)

SO1: Contribute to the eradication of hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition				
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target
1.1 Member countries and their development partners make explicit political commitments in the form of policies, investment plans, programmes, legal frameworks and the allocation	1.1.1 Improving capacities of governments and stakeholders for developing sectoral and cross-sectoral policy frameworks and investment plans and programmes for food security and nutrition	Number of policy processes with enhanced incorporation of food security and nutrition objectives and gender considerations in sectoral policies, investment plans and programmes as a result of FAO support	65	93
of necessary resources to eradicate hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition	1.1.2 Improving capacities of governments and stakeholders to develop and implement legal frameworks and accountability mechanisms to realize the right to adequate food and to promote secure and equitable access to resources and assets	Number of policy processes with enhanced incorporation of food security and nutrition objectives in legal frameworks as a result of FAO support	3	5
	1.1.3 Improving capacities in governments and stakeholders for human resource and organizational development in the food security and nutrition domain	Number of organizations that have strengthened capacities for human resource and organizational development in the food security and nutrition domain as a result of FAO support	15	30
	1.1.4 Improving capacity of governments and other stakeholders to enhance the adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness of public resource allocation and use for food security and nutrition	Number of countries that improved financial resource allocation and use for food security and nutrition as a result of FAO support	7	8
1.2 Member countries and their development partners adopt inclusive governance and coordination mechanisms for eradicating hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition	1.2.1 Improving capacities of governments and stakeholders for strategic coordination across sectors and stakeholders for food security and nutrition	Number of policy processes with more inclusive coordination across sectors and stakeholders for food security and nutrition governance as a result of FAO support	40	47

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	SO1: Contribute to the eradication of hunger, food insecurity and malnutrition					
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target		
1.3 The decisions of member countries and their development partners regarding food security and nutrition are based on evidence and high-quality,	1.3.1 Improving capacities of governments and stakeholders to monitor trends and analyze the contribution of sectors and stakeholders to food security and nutrition	Number of countries that improved monitoring and analysis of food security and nutrition, including the contributions of different sectors, for informed decision-making as a result of FAO support	16	57		
timely and comprehensive food security and nutrition analysis that draws on data and information available in the network of existing sector and	1.3.2 Improving capacities of governments and stakeholders to map, monitor and evaluate policies, programmes and legislation relevant to food security and nutrition for informed decision making	Number of policy processes withimproved human and institutional capacities for managing mapping systems relevant for FNS decision-making as a result of FAO support	10	11		
stakeholder information systems		Number of policy processes withimproved human and institutional capacities for monitoring and evaluating the impact of policies and programmes on food security and nutrition a result of FAO support	8	10		

Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target
2.1 Producers and natural resource managers adopt practices that increase and improve agricultural sector production in a sustainable manner	2.1.1 Innovative practices for sustainable agricultural production (including traditional practices that improve sustainability, such as those listed as Globally Important Agricultural Heritage Systems) are identified, assessed and disseminated and their adoption by stakeholders is facilitated	Number of FAO-supported initiatives that used inclusive and participatory approaches to validate and facilitate uptake of innovative practices for sustainable agricultural production	64	47
	2.1.2 Integrated and multi-sectoral approaches for ecosystem valuation, management and restoration are identified, assessed, disseminated and their adoption by stakeholders is facilitated	Number of FAO supported initiatives conducted to identify, document, and facilitate uptake of integrated and multi-sectoral strategies for sustainable ecosystem management, restoration and climate change adaptation and mitigation	356	288
	2.1.3 Organizational and institutional capacities of public and private institutions, organizations and networks are strengthened to support innovation and the transition toward more sustainable agricultural production systems	Number of public and private knowledge organizations and institutions, management agencies and networks that received organizational and institutional and/or technical capacity development support from FAO	329	346
2.2 Stakeholders in member countries strengthen governance – the policies, laws, management frameworks and institutions that are needed to	2.2.1 Countries are supported to analyse governance issues and options for sustainable agricultural production and natural resources management	Number of countries supported with analyses of governance issues and options for integrated agricultural and natural resources sector sustainability	15	17
support producers and resource managers – in the transition to sustainable agricultural sector production systems	2.2.2 Countries are supported to strengthen national governance frameworks that foster sustainable agricultural production and natural resources management	Number of policy processes with cross-sector dialogue on integrated and more sustainable agricultural and natural resource production systems that were supported by FAO	3	4
	2.2.3 Public service organizations and inter- organizational mechanisms are supported for the implementation of national policies, strategies and legislation that foster sustainable agricultural production and natural resources management	Number of national public service organizations and inter-governmental mechanisms to which FAO provided substantial support for reforms of institutional structures, functions or managerial procedures	108	108

SO2: Inci	SO2: Increase and improve provision of goods and services from agriculture, forestry and fisheries in a sustainable manner				
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target	
2.3 Stakeholders endorse/ adopt international (including regional) instruments and support related governance mechanisms for sustainable agricultural production systems	2.3.1 Stakeholders are supported to participate in, update existing and develop new international (including regional) instruments and mechanisms under the auspices of FAO	Number of international instruments (normative frameworks, standards, guidelines, recommendations and other subsidiary texts) adopted by an FAO mechanism or instrument or by their subsidiary bodies/technical working groups, pertaining to sustainable agriculture production and natural resources management	33	37	
	2.3.2 Stakeholders are supported to enhance recognition and consideration of the agriculture sectors in the international instruments, governance mechanisms, processes, and partnerships that are relevant to FAO's mandate yet not under the auspices of FAO	Number of processes in non-FAO international mechanisms/instruments that FAO supported to reflect sustainable agricultural production and natural resource management concerns in their decisions or products	44	40	
	2.3.3 Stakeholders are supported to facilitate implementation and application of international (including regional) instruments and the recommendations/requirements of related governance mechanisms	Number of processes and partnerships supported by FAO to facilitate implementation of the international (including regional) instruments and mechanisms that foster sustainable agricultural production and natural resource management	75	76	
2.4 Stakeholders make evidence-based decisions in the planning and management of the agricultural sectors and	2.4.1 Relevant data and information is assembled, aggregated, integrated and disseminated and new data is generated through analyses and modelling, jointly with partners	Number of additional data points in the relevant datasets of FAO's main statistical databases	399,500	399,500	
natural resources to support the transition to sustainable agricultural sector production systems through monitoring, statistics, assessment and analysis		Percent of relevant social datasets in FAO's main statistical databases that feature data disaggregated by gender	2	2	
	2.4.2 Methodologies, norms, standards, definitions and other tools for the collection, management, aggregation and analysis of data are formulated and disseminated	Number of new or revised methods, norms, or standards for the collection, management, aggregation and analysis of data/information that were developed by FAO and approved by a competent body	21	40	
	2.4.3 Capacity development support is provided to institutions at national and regional levels to plan for and conduct data collection, analyses, application and dissemination	Number of relevant data/information products that were produced by stakeholders with capacity development support from FAO	146	210	

	SO3: Reduce rural poverty				
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target	
3.1 The rural poor have enhanced and equitable access to productive resources, services, organizations and markets, and can manage their	3.1.1 Support to strengthen rural organizations and institutions and facilitate empowerment of rural poor	Number of countries in which support was provided to create an enabling environment for rural organizations and institutions, as well as the empowerment of the rural poor	21	21	
resources more sustainably	3.1.2 Support to the promotion and implementation of pro-poor approaches to policies and programmes which improve access to and sustainable management of natural resources	Number of countries provided with support for the design, monitoring and implementation of approaches, policies and interventions that promote equitable access to, and sustainable management of productive natural resources	4	4	
	3.1.3 Support to improve access of poor rural producers and households to appropriate technologies and knowledge, inputs and markets	Number of countries in which support was provided for the development and implementation of pro- poor, gender-sensitive knowledge, science and technologies for increased availability of food and better access to markets	16	16	
	3.1.4 Support to innovations in rural services provision and infrastructure development accessible to the rural poor	Number of countries in which support was provided for the design and implementation of policies and approaches promoting innovative, pro-poor and gender-sensitive rural services delivery systems and rural infrastructure models	11	11	
	3.1.5 Cross-sectoral policy advice and capacity development for the definition of gender equitable and sustainable rural development and poverty reduction strategies	Number of countries or regional institutions provided with support for the design, implementation and monitoring of sustainable, inclusive and genderequitable rural development policies and poverty reduction strategies	14	14	

	SO3: Reduce rural poverty				
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target	
3.2 The rural poor have greater opportunities to access decent farm and non-farm employment	3.2.1 Evidence-based policy support and capacity development in the formulation and implementation of policies, strategies and programmes that generate decent rural employment with particular focus on fostering youth and rural women's economic and social empowerment	Number of countries in which assistance was provided for the drafting or revision of ARD policies, strategies and programmes to integrate Decent Rural Employment (DRE) principles as a central element or for the implementation of DRE programmes	5	12	
	3.2.2. Policy support to extend the application of International Labour Standards (ILS) to rural areas	Number of countries in which assistance was provided to support the application of International Labour Standards in rural areas	3	7	
	3.2.3 Technical support to establish information systems and generate data and knowledge on decent rural employment at national, regional and global levels.	Number of knowledge products on DRE developed and disseminated	4	12	
3.3 Social protection systems are strengthened in support of sustainable rural poverty reduction	3.3.1 Policy advice, capacity development and advocacy are provided for improving social protection systems to foster sustainable and equitable rural development, poverty reduction, and food security and nutrition	Number of countries in which support was provided for improving the design and implementation of pro- poor, age- and gender-sensitive social protection systems that target rural populations	5	7	
	3.3.2. Information systems and evidence-based knowledge instruments are improved to assess the impact of social protection mechanisms on reducing inequalities, improving rural livelihoods and strengthening ability of the rural poor to manage risks	Number of countries in which support was provided for improving capacities for monitoring social protection systems and their impact on rural poverty reduction	1	6	

SO4: Enable more inclusive and efficient agricultural and food systems at local, national and international levels				
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target
4.1 International agreements, mechanisms and standards that promote more efficient and inclusive trade and markets are formulated and implemented by countries	4.1.1 New and revised international standards for food safety and quality and plant health are formulated and agreed by countries and serve as references for international harmonization	Number of new or revised international standards in food safety, quality and plant health new issues considered draft standards progressed new standards adopted	31 28 15	42 56 30
	4.1.2 Countries and their regional economic communities are supported to engage effectively in the formulation and implementation of international agreements, regulations, mechanisms and frameworks that promote transparent markets and enhanced global and regional market opportunities	Number of trade related agreements on which evidence, capacity development or fora for dialogue have been provided by FAO	3	7
	4.1.3 Governments and national stakeholders are provided with up-to-date information and analysis to design and implement efficient and inclusive market and trade strategies	Number of FAO market information products whose usage increased	8	8
	4.1.4 Public sector institutions are supported to improve their capacity to design and implement better policies and regulatory frameworks, and to provide public services related to plant and animal health, food safety and quality	Number of countries and/or regional bodies provided with FAO support to design and implement policies and regulatory frameworks for plant and animal health and food safety and quality	134	134
	nealth, 1000 safety and quality	- plant health - animal health	12 135	25 175
4.2 Agribusinesses and agrifood chains that are more inclusive and efficient are developed and implemented by the public and private sectors	4.2.1 Public sector institutions are supported to formulate and implement policies and strategies, and to provide public goods that enhance inclusiveness and efficiency in agrifood chains	- food control Number of institutions benefiting from FAO support to formulate and implement strategies and to provide public goods that enhance inclusiveness and efficiency in agrifood chains	30	60
	4.2.2 Support is provided for the development of evidence-based food losses and waste reduction programmes at national, regional and global levels	Number of countries provided FAO support for reducing food waste and loss	10	60
	4.2.3 Value chain actors are provided with technical and managerial support to promote inclusive, efficient and sustainable agrifood chains	Number of countries provided with FAO support to implement inclusive, efficient and sustainable value chains	20	40
4.3 Policies, financial	4.3.1 Public and private sector institutions are	Number of institutions receiving FAO support to	35	70

SO4: Enable more inclusive and efficient agricultural and food systems at local, national and international levels					
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014	End 2015	
			Target	Target	
instruments and investment that	supported to design and implement financial	increase the availability of financial products and			
improve the inclusiveness and	instruments and services that improve access to	services to the agricultural sector			
efficiency of agrifood systems	capital for efficient and inclusive agrifood systems				
are developed and implemented					
by the public and private sectors					
	4.3.2 Public and private investment institutions	Number of countries receiving significant FAO	6	16	
	are supported to increase responsible investments	support to increase responsible investment in			
	in efficient and inclusive agrifood systems	efficient and inclusive agrifood systems			
	4.3.3 Systems are established and countries are supported to monitor, analyse and manage the impacts of trade, food, and agriculture policies on food systems	Number of countries receiving FAO support to monitor, analyze and reform food and agricultural policies	11	13	

	SO5: Increase the resilience of livelihoods to threats and crises				
Outcome	Output	Indicator	End 2014 Target	End 2015 Target	
5.1 Countries and regions adopt and implement legal, policy and institutional systems and regulatory frameworks for risk	5.1.1 Improving capacities to formulate and promote risk reduction and crisis management policies, strategies and plans	Number of countries that formulated and institutionalized a strategy/plan for risk reduction and crisis management as a result of FAO support	17 countries and 1 (sub)region	34 countries and 5 (sub)regions	
reduction and crisis management	5.1.2 Enhancing coordination and improved investment programming and resource mobilization strategies for risk reduction and crises management	Number of countries and regions that improved investment strategies and programming for risk reduction and crisis management as a result of FAO support	13 countries and 2 (sub)regions	17 countries and 2 (sub)regions	
5.2 Countries and regions provide regular information and early warning against potential, known and emerging threats.	5.2.1 Mechanisms are set up/improved to identify and monitor threats and assess risks and to deliver integrated and timely warning Early Warning	Number of threat monitoring mechanisms/systems supported by FAO to enhance delivery of early warnings	252	253	
o o	5.2.2 Improving capacities to undertake vulnerability and/or resilience analysis	Number of countries that improved resilience/vulnerability mapping and analysis as a result of FAO support	18 countries and 3 regions	49 countries and 3 regions	
5.3 Countries reduce risks and vulnerability at household and community level.	5.3.1 Improving capacities of countries, communities and key stakeholders to implement prevention and mitigation good practices to reduce the impacts of threats and crises	Number of countries with improved application of integrated and/or sector-specific standards, technologies and practices for risk prevention and mitigation as a result of FAO support	11 countries	34 countries and 1 region	
	5.3.2 Improving access of most vulnerable groups to services which reduce the impact of disasters and crises	Number of countries with improved application of measures that reduce vulnerability and strengthen resilience of communities at risk of threats and crisis as a result of FAO support	11 countries	17 countries and 1 region	
5.4 Countries and regions affected by disasters and crises prepare for, and manage effective responses	5.4.1 Improving capacities of national authorities and stakeholders for emergency preparedness to reduce the impact of crisis	Number of countries benefiting from FAO support to uptake standards, guidelines and practices for hazard and sector specific emergency preparedness	73 countries	107 countries	
	5.4.2 Strengthening coordination capacities for better preparedness and response to crises	Proportion of regions/countries affected by a crisis impacting agriculture, food and nutrition in which the emergency response has benefitted from FAO coordination support, by level of emergency	L3: 100% L2/L1: 60- 100%	L3: 100% L2/L1: 60- 100%	
	5.4.3 Strengthening capacities of national authorities and stakeholders in crisis response	Percentage of countries affected by a crisis impacting agriculture in which FAO provided timely and gender responsive crisis response	60-100%	60-100%	