APPENDIX VII

MATTERS RELATED TO METHODS OF ANALYSIS

Part A: Methods of analysis for endorsement and inclusion in CXS 234-1999

A.1 Method for dietary fibre

Table 4. Methods of analysis for dietary fibre: Guidelines for use of nutrition and health claims (CXG 23-1997): Table of conditions for claims

General methods that measure both the higher (monomeric units > 9) and the lower molecular weight fraction (monomeric units <=9)					
Standard	Provisions	Method	Principle	Туре	
All foods	Method applicable for determining the content of insoluble and soluble dietary fibres of higher and lower molecular weight. The method is applicable in food that may, or may not, contain resistant starches.	AOAC 2022.01/ AACC 32-61.01/ ICC Standard No. 191*	Enzymatic- Gravimetry High Pressure Liquid Chromatography	I	

^{*}Isolated, purified, and/or synthetic fibres captured by AOAC 2022.01/ICC Standard 191/AACC 32-61.01 that do not meet the Codex definition of dietary fibre in the *Guidelines on nutrition labelling* (CXG 2-1985) should be subtracted from the final measurement, where deemed appropriate by competent authorities.

A.2 Methods for provisions in follow-up formula and infant formula

Commodity	Provision	Method	Principle	Туре
Follow-up formula	Vitamin A	AOAC 2012.10 / ISO 20633	HPLC-UV	II
	Vitamin E	AOAC 2012.10 / ISO 20633	HPLC	II
	Vitamin D	AOAC 2016.05 / ISO 20636	LC-MS	II
	Thiamine	AOAC 2015.14 / ISO 21470	Enzymatic digestion and UHPLC-MS/MS	II
	Riboflavin	AOAC 2015.14 / ISO 21470	Enzymatic digestion and UHPLC-MS/MS	II
	Niacin	AOAC 2015.14 / ISO 21470	Enzymatic digestion and UHPLC-MS/MS	II
	Vitamin B ₆	AOAC 2015.14 / ISO 21470	Enzymatic digestion and UHPLC-MS/MS	II
	Vitamin B ₁₂	AOAC 2011.10 / ISO 20634	HPLC	II
		AOAC 2014.02	LC-UV	III
	Pantothenic acid	AOAC 2012.16 / ISO 20639	UHPLC-MS/MS	II
	Folic Acid	AOAC 2011.06 / ISO 20631	LC-MS/MS	II
	Vitamin C	AOAC 2012.22 / ISO 20635	HPLC-UV	II
	Biotin	AOAC 2016.02 / ISO 23305	HPLC-UV	II
	Iron	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO 21424 IDF 243	ICP-MS	II
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO 15151 IDF 229	ICP emission spectroscopy	III

		Method	Principle	Type
	Calcium	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	II
		21424 IDF 243		
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
		15151 IDF 229		
	Phosphorus	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	II
		21424 IDF 243		
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
		15151 IDF 229		
	Magnesium	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	II
		21424 IDF 243		
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
		15151 IDF 229		
	Sodium	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	II
		21424 IDF 243		
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
		15151 IDF 229		
	Chloride	AOAC 2016.03 / ISO	Potentiometry	II
		21422 IDF 242		1
	Potassium	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	II
		21424 IDF 243		1
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
		15151 IDF 229		
	Manganese	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	II
		21424 IDF 243		
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
		15151 IDF 229		
	lodine	AOAC 2012.15 / ISO	ICP-MS	II
		20647 IDF 234		
	Selenium	AOAC 2011.19 / ISO	ICP-MS	П
		20649 IDF 235		1
	Copper	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	П
		21424 IDF 243	100	ļ
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
		15151 IDF 229	107.110	ļ
	Zinc	AOAC 2015.06 / ISO	ICP-MS	П
		21424 IDF 243	105	-
		AOAC 2011.14 / ISO	ICP emission spectroscopy	III
	Tatal analysis (1)	15151 IDF 229		<u> </u>
	Total nucleotides	AOAC 2011.20 / ISO	LC	II
	Choline	20638		II
	Choline	AOAC 2015.10 / ISO 21468	UHPLC-MS/MS	"
	Myo-inositol	AOAC 2011.18 / ISO	LC-pulsed amperometry	П
	WIYO IIIOSILOI	20637	Lo paisca amperometry	''
L-carnitine		AOAC 2015.10 / ISO	UHPLC-MS/MS	H
		21468		
	Total amino acids	AOAC 2018.06 / ISO	UHPLC-UV	П
	(excluding taurine	4214 IDF 254 /AACC		
	and tryptophan) for	07-50.01		
	use according to			
	section 3.1.3 (a)			
	notes 2) and 3) of			
	CXS 156-1987			
	Tryptophan	AOAC 2017.03	HPLC	П
Total fatty acids		AOAC 2012.13 / ISO	Gas chromatography	II
		16958 IDF 231		1
Infant formula	Crude protein Folic acid	ISO 8968-1 IDF 20-1 AOAC 2011.06/ISO	Titrimetry (Kjedahl) LC-MS/MS	l II

Part B: Methods of Analysis Included in CXS 234-1999 for revocation or retyping

B.1 Methods for provisions in follow-up formula for revocation or retyping

Commodity	Provision	Method	Principle	Туре	Note
Follow-up formula	Vitamin A	AOAC 992.04	HPLC	II	Retype or revoke
		AOAC 992.06	HPLC	III	Retype or revoke
		AOAC 974.29	Colorimetry	IV	Retype or revoke
	Pantothenic acid	AOAC 992.07	Microbioassay	# 111	Retype
	lodine	AOAC 992.24	lon-selective potentiometry	11-111	Retype or revoke

B.2: Methods for dietary fibre for revocation

General methods that measure both the higher (monomeric units > 9) and the lower molecular weight fraction (monomeric units <=9)					
Standard	Provisions	Method	Principle	Туре	
All foods	Method applicable for determining the content of insoluble and soluble dietary fibres of higher and lower molecular weight. The method is applicable in food that may, or may not, contain resistant starches.	AACC Intl 32- 50.01 AOAC 2011.25	Enzymatic- Gravimetry High Pressure Liquid Chromatography	I	

Part C: proposal to include the nitrogen to protein conversion factors for follow-up formula for older infants and product for young children in the annex in CXS 234-1999 (for information by CCMAS)

Follow-up formula for older infants and product for young children 1 : The calculation of the protein content of the final product ready for consumption should be based on N x 6.25, unless a scientific justification is provided for the use of a different conversion factor for a particular product. The protein levels set in this standard are based on a nitrogen conversion factor of 6.25. For information the value of 6.38 is used as a specific factor appropriate for conversion of nitrogen to protein in other Codex standards for milk products.

¹ *Other equivalent names for this product are "Drink for young children with added nutrients", or "Product for young children with added nutrients", or "Drink for young children"