

TERRAFRICA



COUNTRY LEVEL ACTIVITIES

PROGRESS ON THE UGANDA SUSTAINABLE LAND
MANAGEMENT STRATEGIC INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK

FIRST REGIONAL WORKSHOP

KAGERA TAMP

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17th March 2011, Kigali Rwanda



Background



Regional Level

- Initiated by stakeholders in the UNCCD process
- Regional Platform meetings developed road map, tool kits and other guidelines
- TerrAfrica Executive Committee

- TerrAfrica aims to create the enabling environment for scaling up and mainstreaming SLM at the country level. In order to strengthen the implementation of UNCCD, CAADP and NEPAD's Environment Action Plan),

TerrAfrica Approach

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Three Activity areas

- - COALITION Building
- - Knowledge Management
- = Investment

National Level

First multi-sectoral meeting on SLM adopt TerrAfrica Approach in June 2006.

Key sectors signed a cooperation framework in Oct 2007 to develop and implement a harmonized CSIF involving all the critical sectors include

Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries (MAAIF);
Water and Environment (MWE);
Lands, Housing and Urban Development (MLHUD) and
Energy and Mineral Development (MEMD) .

Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries leads the process.



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SLM Country Platforms



1. The Inter-Ministerial National Steering Committee composed of Permanent Secretaries of the five sectors

2. The National Technical Working Group (SLM-NTWG) composed of technical officers from the five sectors

3 Sector Working Groups

4. The National SLM Multi-Stakeholder Forum

5. The CSO – SLM Network composed of CSOs, etc and led by PELUM (Participatory Ecological Land Use Management NGO)

6 . SLM Coordination Unit in MAAIF

TerrAfrica / WB, FAO and UNDP have provided considerable support to the country

platforms

Background studies

C. SLM Public Expenditure Review completed – Objectives were;

- i. establish a robust data base on SLM-related public expenditure that can support credible empirical analysis
- ii. Develop a sound methodology for conducting SLM PERs which could guide similar work in the future;
- iii. Analyze the level and composition of SLM spending in the recent past;
- iv. Understand the budget processes that determine SLM resource allocation across different sectors; and
- v. draw policy recommendations for the land use sector

Background studies

- d. Land Studies in Northern Uganda – Objective was to inform the Peace, Recovery and Development Plan (PRDP); a program for post-conflict rehabilitation and reconstruction of the region after two decades of civil war and unrest.
- e. SLM Stocktaking and Gap Analysis Study – Objective was:
 - i. to take stock of completed; on-going and planned initiatives in SLM;
 - ✓ ii. to document lessons learnt, best practices and recommendations;
 - ✓ iii. to carry out quick stakeholder analysis to assess existing mandates, capacities and to analyze main bottlenecks and opportunities for SLM

U-SLM SIF

The SLM Strategic Investment Framework was developed as part of the new national planning process - the NDP and its specific Agric. Sector Plan (DSIP).

The CSIF has a 10-year (2010-2020) horizon organized in two-five year phases as per the national planning process



Geographical focus of the SIF

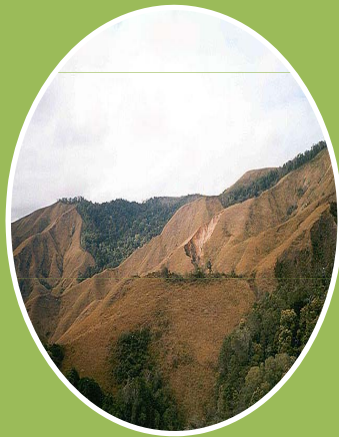
Four land degradation hotspots across the country were identified:

The Dry Lands / The Cattle Corridor,

- The Highlands – Eastern and Southwestern Highlands
- Eastern and Northern Uganda
- Lake Victoria Crescent Region,

U-SLM SIF THEMES

- i. Support on the ground activities for scaling up SLM
- ii. Strengthening enabling environment for SLM;
- iii. Strengthening commercial and advisory services for SLM;
- iv. Support SLM research and dissemination of best practices
- v. Improving SLM knowledge mngt and M&E



MAAIF
SIP



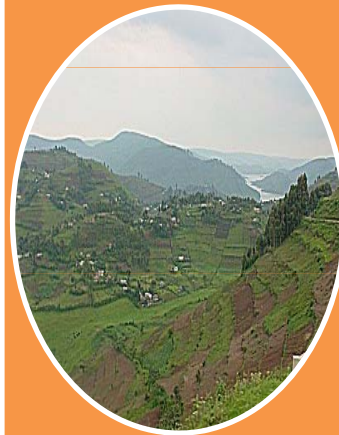
MTTI
SIP



MWE
SIP



MEMD
SIP



MLHUD
SIP

SLM Investment Framework is a tool to allow National SLM Committees to coordinate SLM activities as a portfolio.

Sector Roles and responsibilities

Agriculture Sector

- INM including inorganic and organic fertilizers, BNF, agro-forestry, etc.
- Soil and water conservation
- Conservation Agriculture (entailing minimum tillage, cover crops/green manures, judicious crop rotations, etc)
- Water utilization components e.g. drinking structures, irrigation, etc.
- Development of an early warning system
- Adaptation to climate change and variability e.g. drought resistant/ early maturing crop varieties, etc.
- Validation of decision support tools/ crop models
- Knowledge management and M&E
- Policy harmonization & implementation (e.g. Land Use Policy)

Sector Roles and responsibilities (cont'd)

b. Water and Environment Sector

- Adaptation and mitigation to impacts of climate change and variability
- Establishment of early warning systems (short and medium term weather and climate forecasts - drought, floods etc)
- Water harvesting/ water supply to production
- Watershed management / IWRM,
- Afforestation, reforestation and agro-forestry
- Knowledge management and M&E

Sector Roles and responsibilities (cont'd)

c. Energy Sector

- Sustainably managed biomass energy sources (balanced and efficient utilization)
- Developed renewable energy (e.g. gasification for homes and institutions)
- Improve efficiency in charcoal production & use
- Knowledge management and M&E

Sector Roles and responsibilities (cont'd)

d. Lands Sector

- Development of land use plans
- Participatory land use planning (PLUP)
- Participatory watershed management plans
- Improved land administration
- Knowledge management and M&E
- Policy harmonization & implementation (e.g. Land Use Policy)

Sector Roles and responsibilities (cont'd)

e. Trade Sector

- Promotion of trade diversification through SLM
- Promotion of SLM friendly value chains
- Promotion of inter-ministerial cooperation on trade development for agricultural and natural product sectors
- Business skills development
- Information on markets and requirements
- Knowledge management and M&E
- Mainstreaming SLM into trade promotion and policy making processes and related implementation plans.

Roles and responsibilities of CSOs, Private Sector, Farmer Organizations

- The SIF implementation involves an inclusive and integrated implementation approach that takes into account synergies and partnerships between various players in dealing with challenges of SLM
- CSOs, private sector, farmer organizations have vital roles to play at different levels – most of the activities will be implemented at the grassroots level

Mainstreaming the USIF into



NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

From 2008 to 2010 Uganda has been reviewing National Priorities and Development Plans

Changed the planning framework from the PRSP to the National Development Plan (NDP)

- Changed the planning period from a three year cycle to a 5 year cycle.
- Reviewed the Sector Development Plans & Strategies

NDP OBJECTIVES (2010-2014)

- a. Increasing *household incomes* and promoting equity
- b. Enhancing the availability and quality of gainful employment
- c. Enhancing human capital development
- d. Increasing stock and quality of economic infrastructure
- e. Increasing access to quality social services

AGRIC SECTOR DSIP (2010-2014)

In the context of the CAADP Framework Uganda developed and launched a CAADP Compact

The CAADP process in Uganda guided the development of the Agric. Sector DSIP

- The CAADP compact is in pursuit of ;
 - 6% average annual sector growth rate at the national level and
 - Allocating 10% of the national budget to the agric. sector

AGRIC SECTOR DSIP (2010-2014)

A. DSIP objectives

Rural incomes and livelihoods increased

Household food and nutrition security improved

- B. The SLM SIF is specifically integrated in the Agric. DSIP as Sub-program 1.4 (Enhanced productivity of land through sustainable use and mngt of soil and water resources)



ON-GOING AND PIPELINE PROJECTS &



PARTNERSHIPS

1. ATAS – SLM activities supported in NARO, NAADS and the UNCCD Focal Point (WB & GEF)
2. Mainstreaming SLM activities in 6 Cattle Corridor districts of Uganda (UNDP/NORWAY)
3. Enabling environment for SLM in the Cattle Corridor districts (UNDP/GEF)
4. Transboundary Agr-Ecosystem Management Programme for the Kagera River Basin (GEF/FAO)
5. Regional project Stimulating community initiatives in SLM (GoU)

6. GEF 5 Pipeline projects under star (Synergy SLM & Climate Change) – GEF / UNDP

Sustainable charcoal production

Sustainable mngt of Uganda's Eastern & SW Highlands Ecosystems

7. Conservation Agric. – COMESA/Norway

8. Development of World Bank Project on Environment and Natural resources Management



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BOTTLENECKS AND CHALLENGES

Consultations and inputs from sectors & mainstreaming the SLM agenda into sector DSIPs and NDP – took considerable time

- Endorsement by the 5 sectors required deeper engagement and has taken considerable time
- Resource mobilization for the U-SLM SIF - challenge



- *Thank you for your attention*





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