

Reconnecting biodiversity above and below ground

Eduardo Mansur

Director, Office of Climate
Change, Biodiversity and
Environment, FAO



GLOBAL SYMPOSIUM ON SOIL BIODIVERSITY | 19-22 April 2021

Biodiversity: the cornerstone of global food security

A multitude of species that contribute to our food, renewable material supplies, and the ecosystems that hosts them.

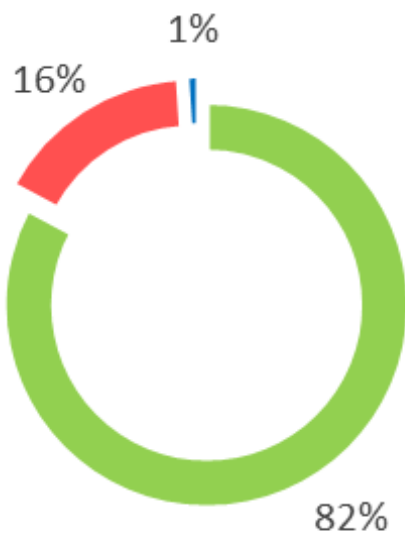
- > **6 000** plants species cultivated for food
- > **12 000** aquatic species items in fisheries and aquaculture
- **38** species allows for thousands of breeds of domesticated terrestrial animals
- > **9 000** wild species are used for food (re. IUCN Red List)
- **100 000s** more support food and agriculture in different ways

Almost all species for food and agriculture rely on soil biodiversity

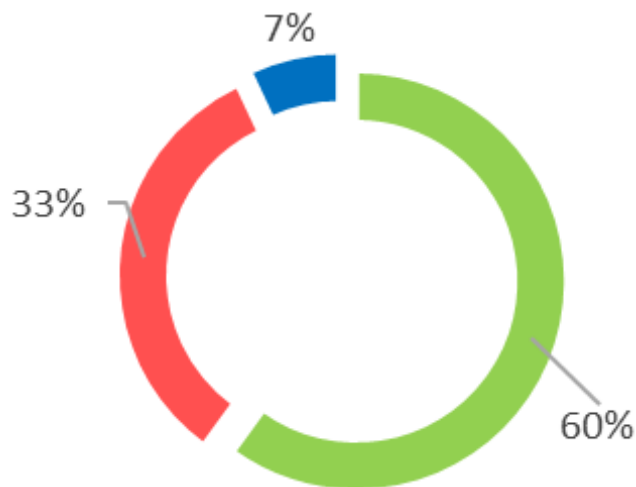


Human food supply... and soils

Calories



Protein



■ Terrestrial plants

■ Terrestrial animals

■ Aquatic plants and animals

FAOSTAT (2021)

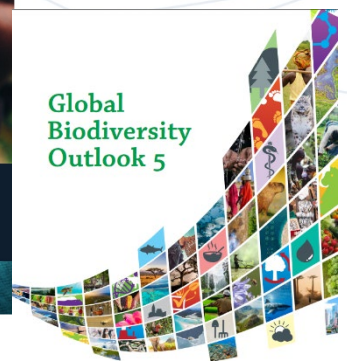
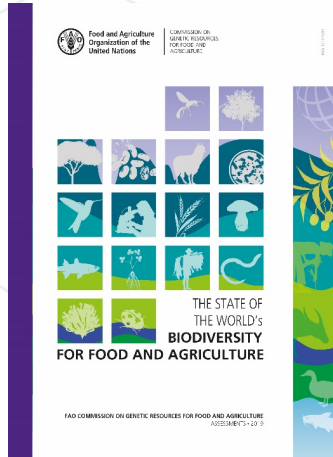


Biodiversity...

- supports food security and nutrition, human health, livelihoods;
- supports nearly all economic sectors;
- plays an essential role in the delivery of ecosystem services;
- is essential for climate change adaptation and mitigation.

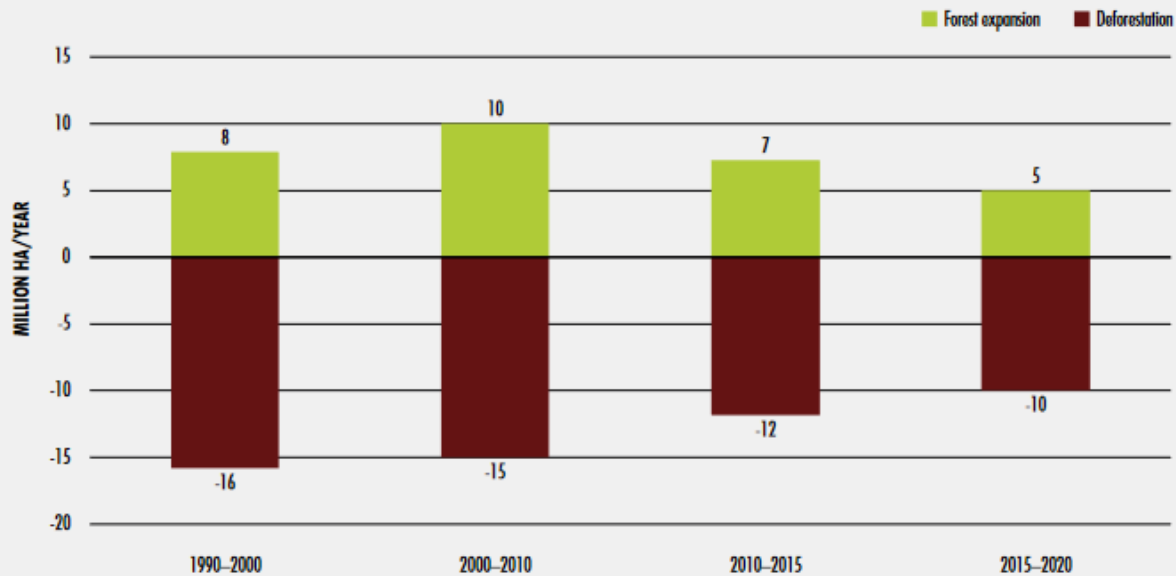


Biodiversity is being lost



Ecosystems are declining

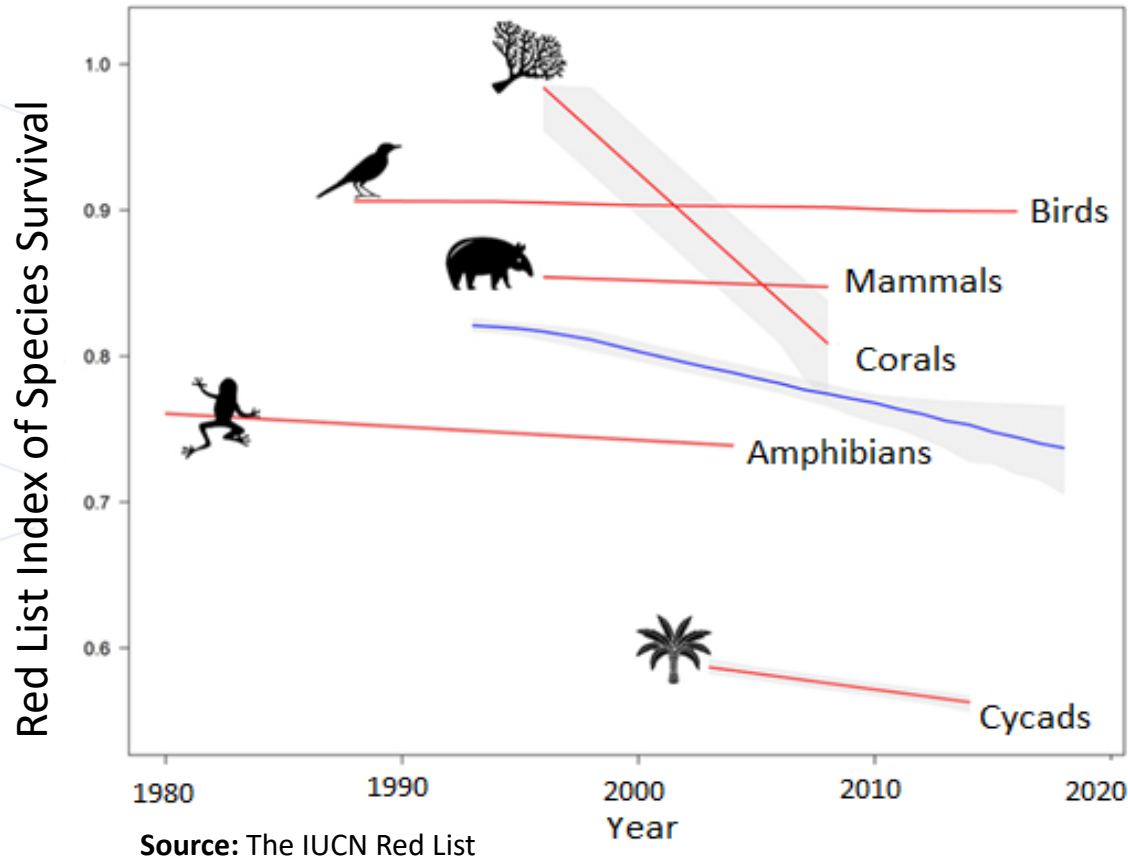
FIGURE 4 GLOBAL FOREST EXPANSION AND DEFORESTATION 1990–2020 (MILLION HECTARES PER YEAR)



SOURCE: FAO, 2020.

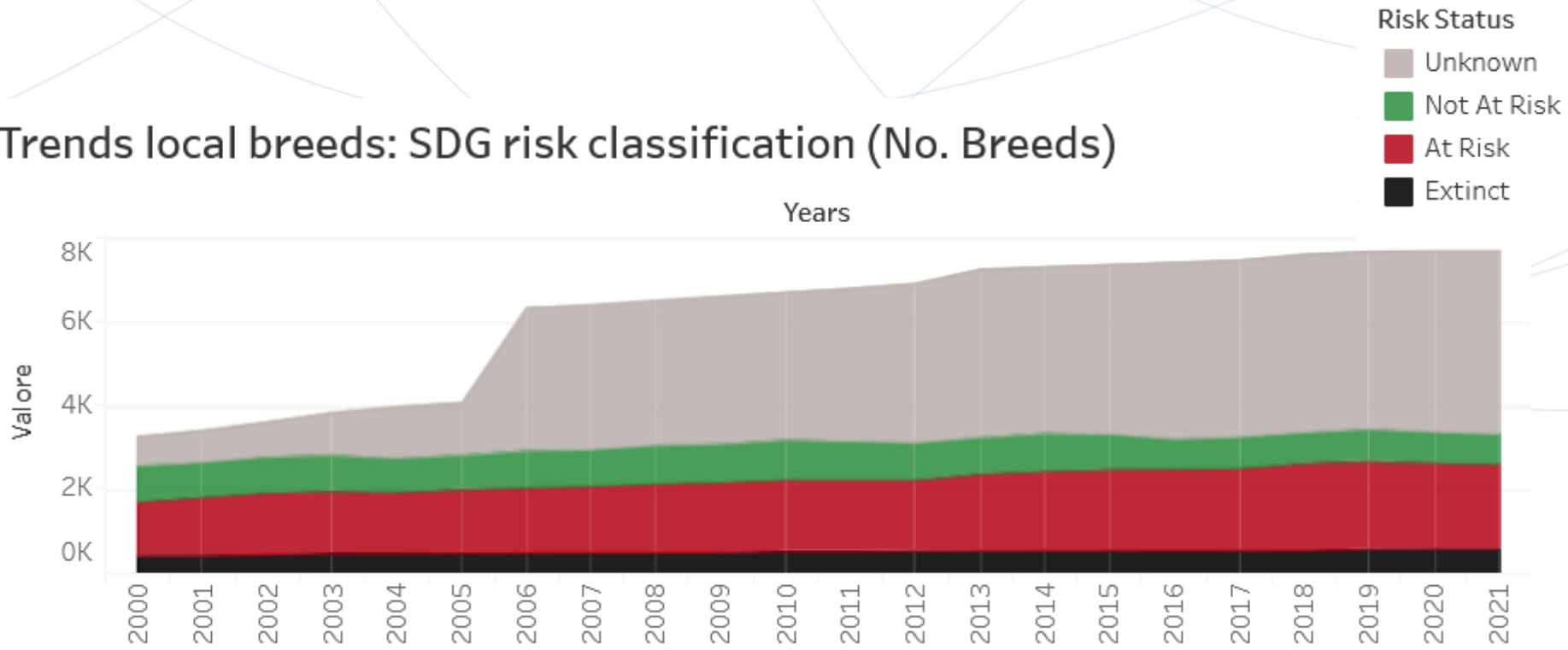


Species are increasingly threatened



Genetic diversity at risk

Trends local breeds: SDG risk classification (No. Breeds)



FAO DAD-IS (2021).





Today, more than ever, there is a global concern about biodiversity loss and its impact in agri-food systems and the health of our planet.....

But common understanding to **biodiversity loss** is to what people can see.....





Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



SOILS ALIVE!

Soil is home
to more than
25% of our
planet's
biodiversity

25%

Yet,
we know
only 1% of
this universe

1%



Beneath our feet
there is a world full of
life, it is the basis of a
healthy soil.



How they look like?



Aboveground and belowground biodiversity

An inseparable interaction

Above-ground food web

Pollinators



Herbivores



Energy and matter



Litter transformers

Saprophagus macrofauna

Ecosystems engineers

Symbiotic beneficial associations

Pathogenic bacteria

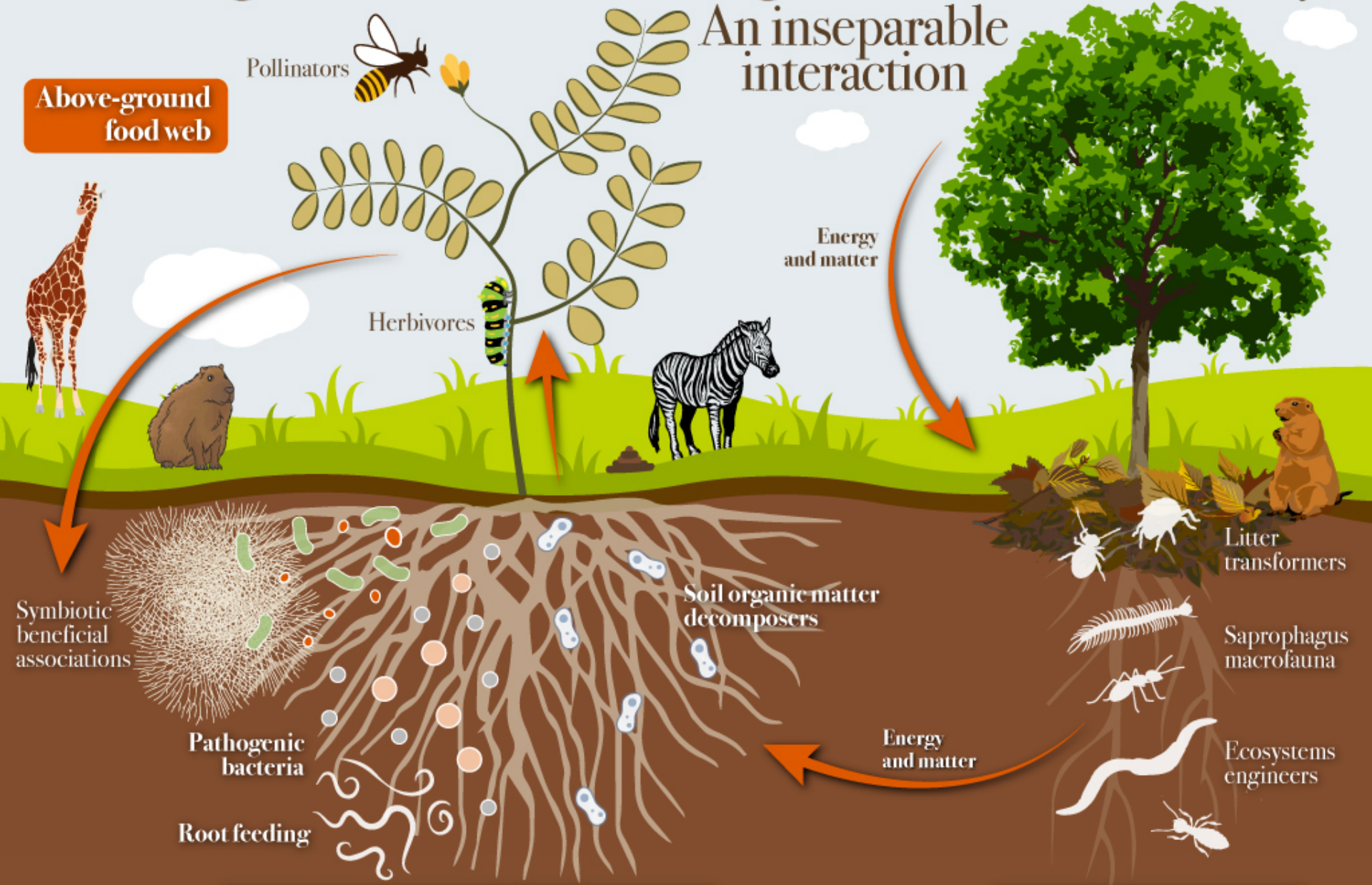
Root feeding

Soil organic matter decomposers

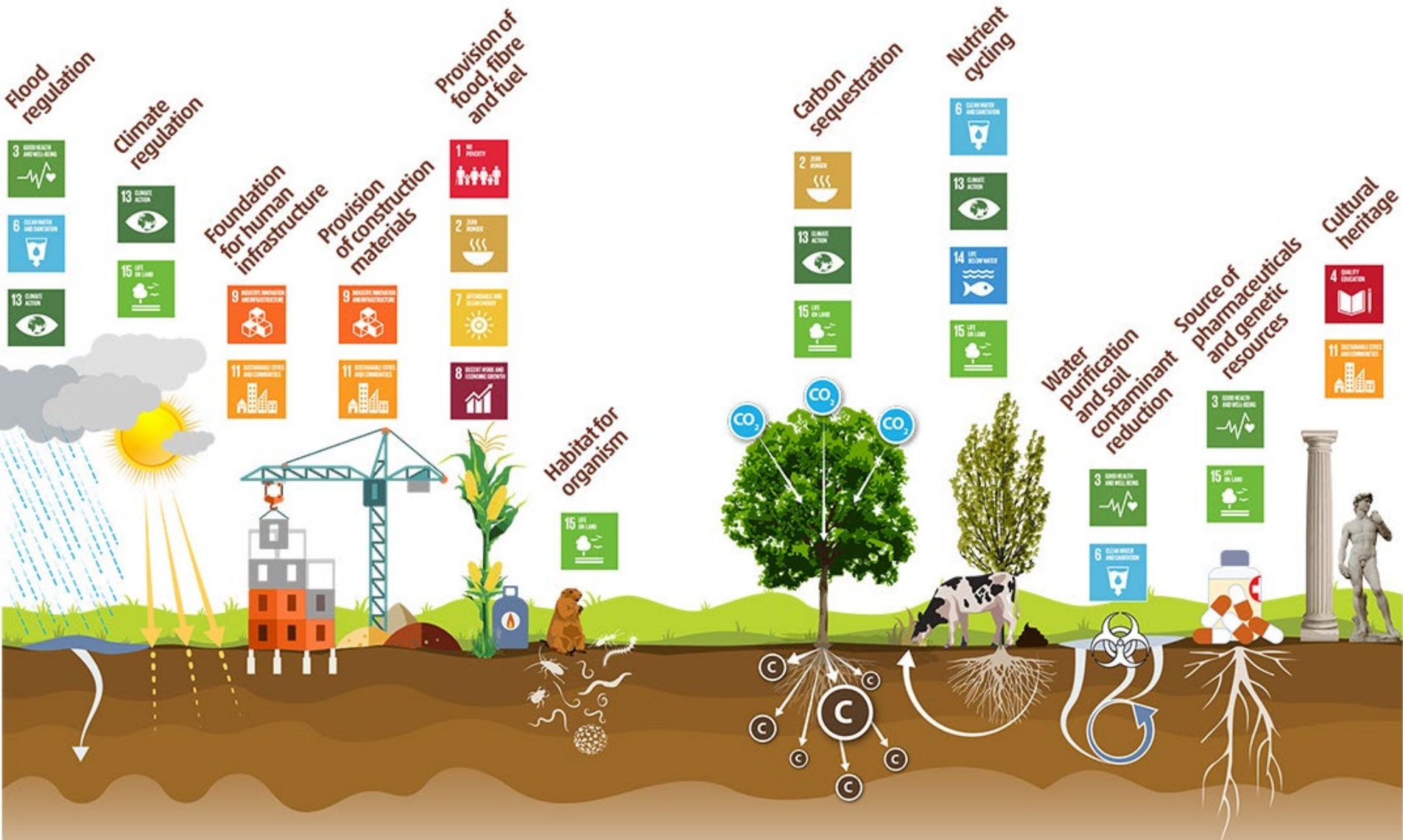
Energy and matter

Antagonistic/mutualistic relationships

Below-ground food web



A healthy soil is capable of providing most terrestrial ecosystem services, contributing to sustainability and human well-being



Our key themes for this week:

- Theme 1 - State of Knowledge on Soil Biodiversity;
- Theme 2 - Soil Biodiversity in Action;
- Theme 3 - Soil Biodiversity Shaping the Future of Food Systems.



- The Global Symposium on Soil Biodiversity gives a voice to the invisible and silent organisms that make life on earth possible.
- Action can be done at all levels
- Let's include **soil biodiversity** in the Biodiversity debate!



“Keep soils alive,
protect soil
biodiversity”



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



itps
INTERNATIONAL
TERRACONFERENCES



Convention on
Biological Diversity



GLOBAL
SOIL BIODIVERSITY
INITIATIVE

UNCCD **SPi** Science - Policy
Interface