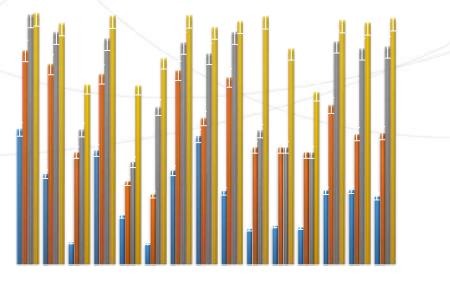
## Simona Di Gregorio

Department of Biology, University of Pisa simona.digregorio@unipi.it

GLOBAL SYMPOSIUM ON SOIL BIODIVERSITY | 19-22 April 2021



## PCB agricultural soils (Italy) range: 2-10 ppm



#### **Diverse PCB congeners**

0

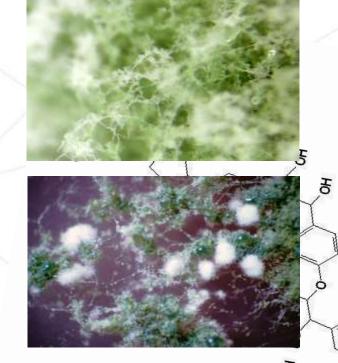
Y

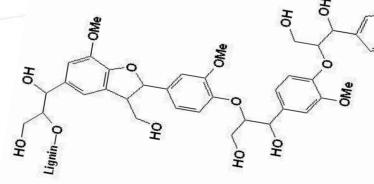


White rot fungi produce extracellular enzymes



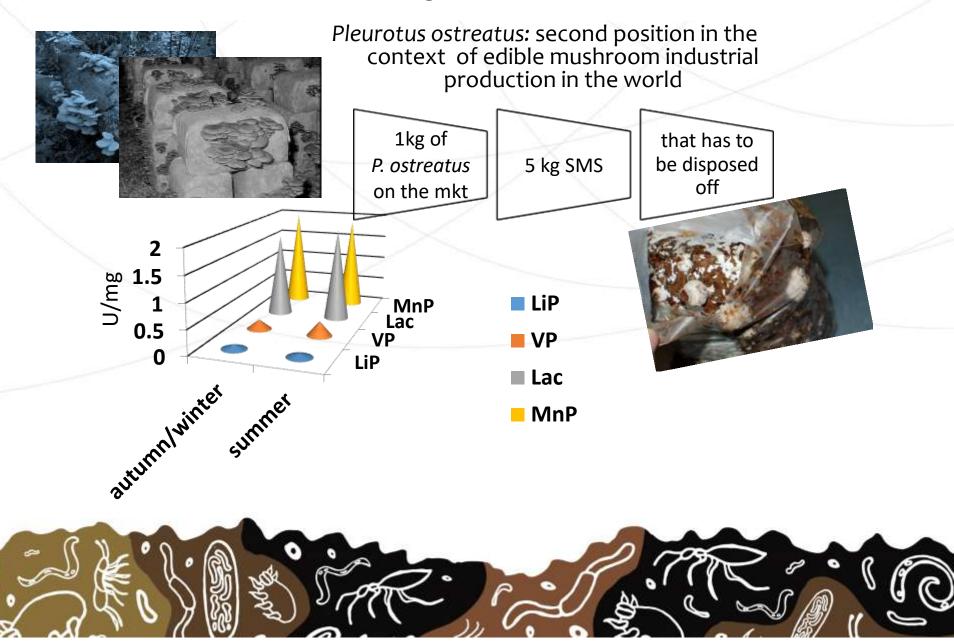
ASPECIFICITY OF THE ENZYMATIC BACTERY

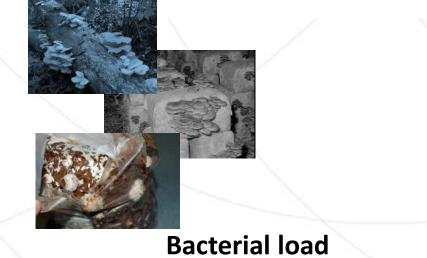




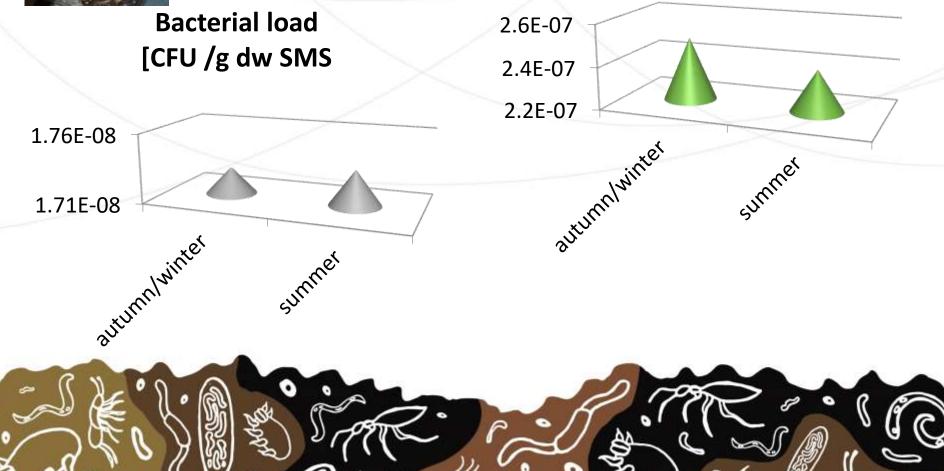
- Peroxidases (polyphenol oxidases)
- Laccases

#### Biostimulation of the indigenous microbial community



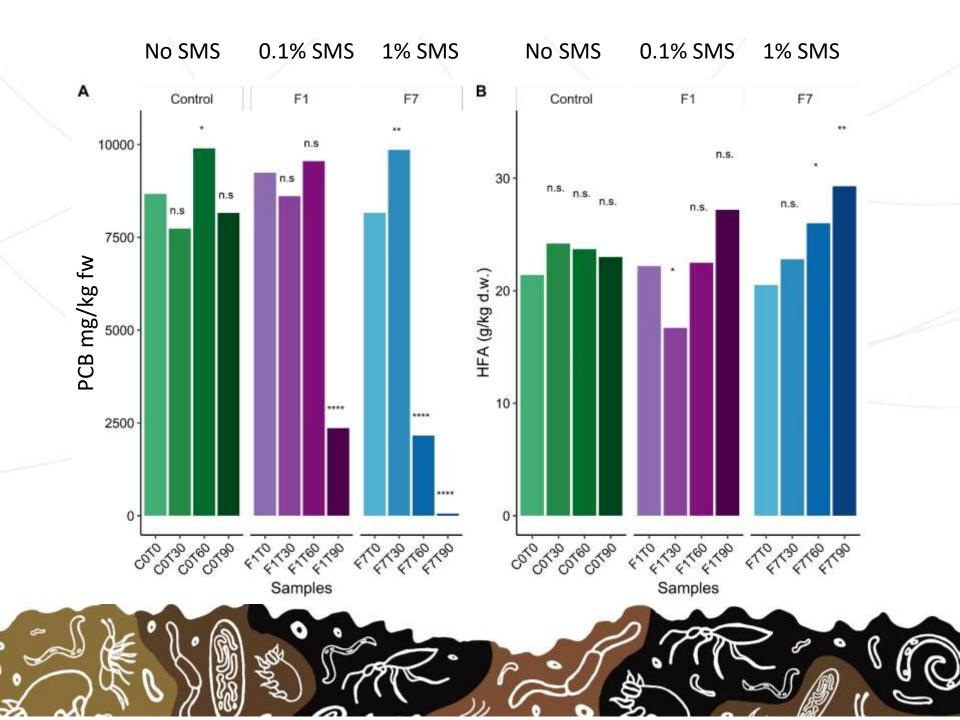


### Fungal load [CFU/ g dw SMS

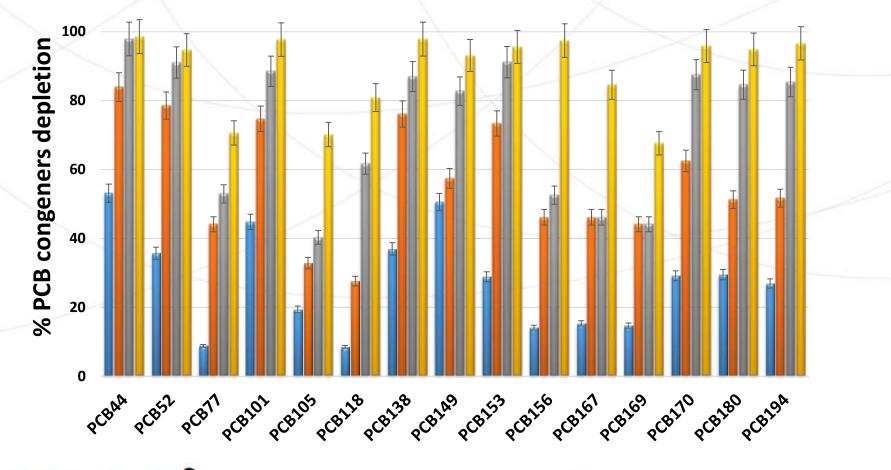


contaminants	ppm	Public area ppm	Industrial area ppm
			ppm
РСВ	9,28 ± 0,08	0,5	25
SMS % fresh weight • 0.1			
■ 1			

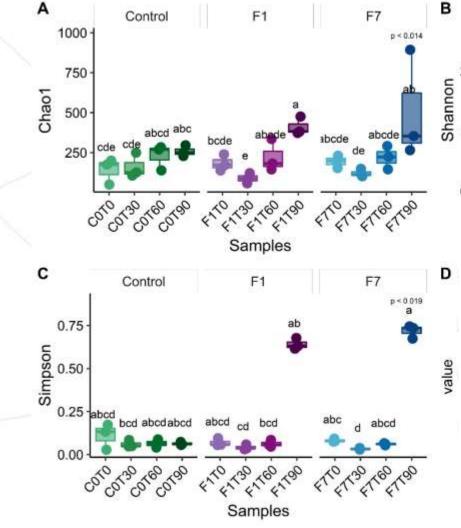




## Spent mushroom substrate: 1% on a weight base ratio



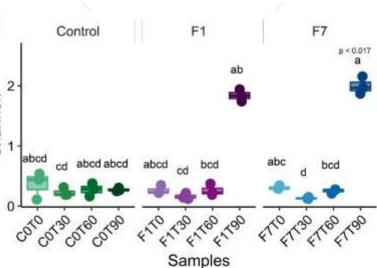


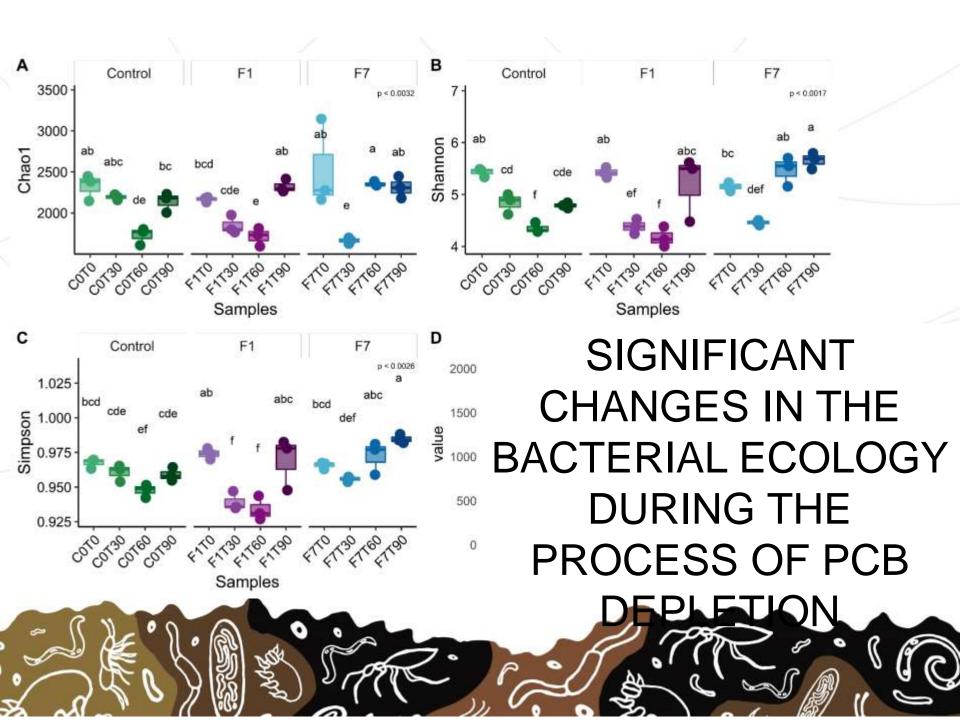


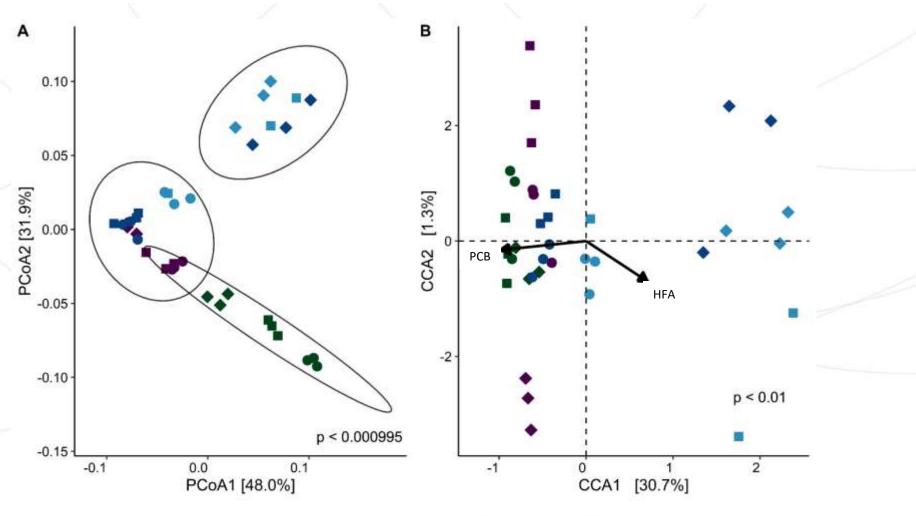
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## ANY SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE FUNGAL ECOLOGY DURING THE PROCESS OF PCB DEPLETION

6







O Control □ F1 ♦ F7

0 9 30 10 60 90



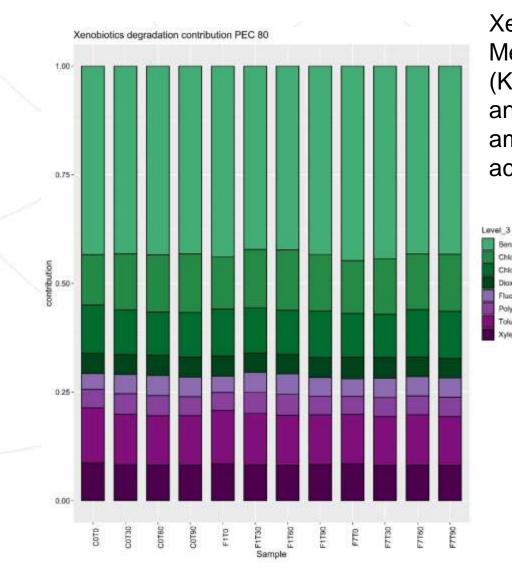
## PREDICTIVE METAGENOMIC FUNCTIONAL PROFILING

To better evaluate the metabolic potential of the different bacterial taxa during the process of TPH degradation:

# The contribution of the different taxa to abundances of functional features of interest was evaluated

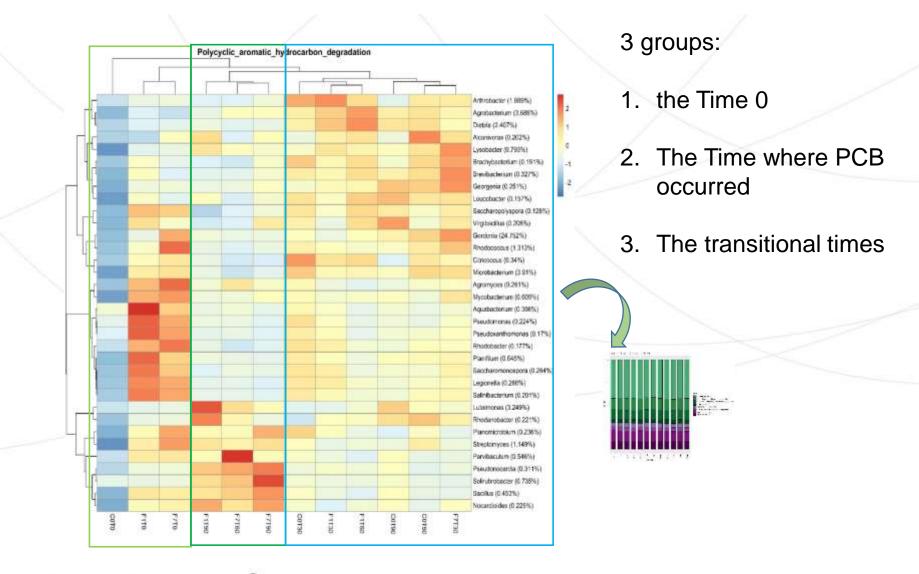
Predicted proteins were classified by their Enzymatic Commission number (EC), resulting in the identification of 2313 ECs, and by KEGG orthology resulting in the identification of 7374 KOs, across all samples.

Metabolic reconstruction of pathways was carried out in iVikodak with a Pathway Exclusion Cut-off (PEC) of 80 % (i.e. only contributions where the same set of genes/enzy the set of the se

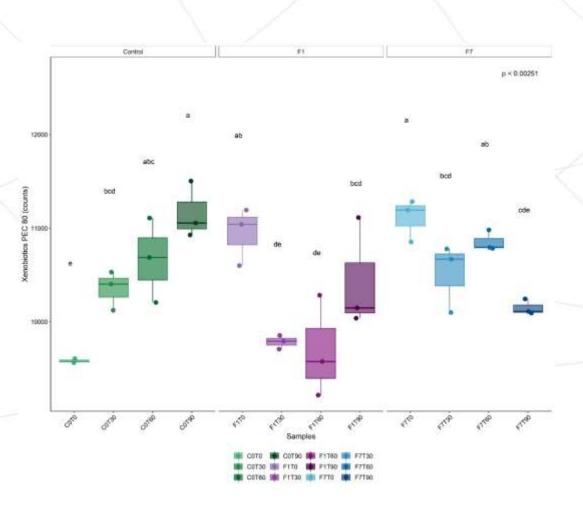


Xenobiotic Biodegradation and Metabolism Module (KEGG Pathway 1.11) and related maps resulted to be among the top modules recovered across all samples

g\_o Benzoste\_degradation Chloroalkane\_and\_chloroalkene\_degradation Chlorocyclohexane\_and\_chlorobenzene\_degradation Dioxin\_degradation Fluorobenzoate\_degradation Polycyclic\_anomatic\_hydrocarbon\_degradation Toluene\_degradation Xytene\_degradation



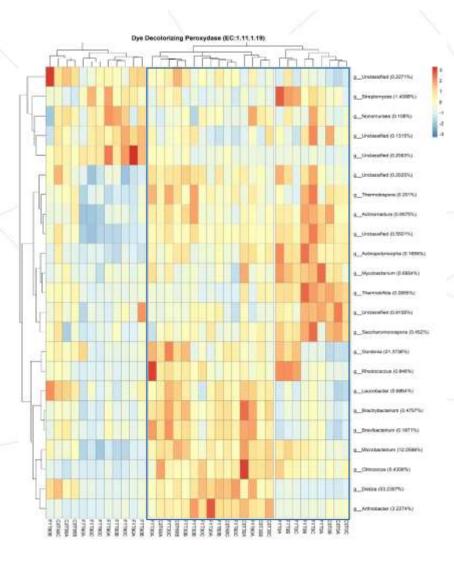




## WHERE PCB DEPLETION OCCURRED

the diversified microbial community contributing to the PCB depletion decreased in diversity at the transitional time





Most of the *Actinobacteria* showing functional predominance in the **transitional times**, besides harbouring functional features for the transformation of the contamination, harboured also other functional feature that might be of interest for the process of PCB depletion.

#### the Dye decolorising peroxidases.

Bacterial DyP have a quite high redox potential that allows both the oxidation of phenolic and non-phenolic lignin model compounds.



## PREDICTIVE METAGENOMIC FUNCTIONAL PROFILING

At T0		$\sim$		
ACTINOBACTERIA: Agromyces, Mycobacterium, Saccharomonospora , Salinibacterium, Thermoactinomycete s,	PROTEOBACTER A: Rhodobacter, Acquabacterium, Pseudomonas, Pseudoxanthomor S, Thermomonas,	<u>Planimicrobiu</u> <u>m,</u> Virgibacillus, Planifilium,	MESOCOSMS WHERE PCB DEPLETION OCCURE PROTEOBACTE RIA: Rhodanobacter, ACTINOBACTER	2
Saccharopolyspora, Gordonia, Rhodococcus, Citrococcus, Microbactrium, <u>Streptomyces</u> sps.		ACTINOBACTEFPROTEOBACA:ERIA:Arthrobacter,Alcanivorax,Dietzia,Lysobacter,Brachybacterium,AgrobacteriurBrevibacterium,sps.	Sps. c o hubbo	
MANDATORY FOR PO		Georgenia, Leucobacter sps.	SPECIALIS TS	

## PREDICTIVE METAGENOMIC FUNCTIONAL PROFILING

Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for combination of DyP total counts per sample and relative PCB concentrations

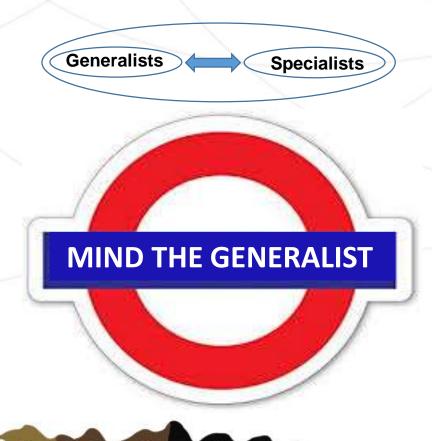
q	PCB/EC:1.11.1.19
Control	0.18
F1	0.32
F7	0.88

These evidences suggest that the **DyP** is associated to the **saprophytic metabolisms** of *Actinobacteria*, more than to their capacity to deplete the contamination.

Carbon stabilisation = smoothly provide C

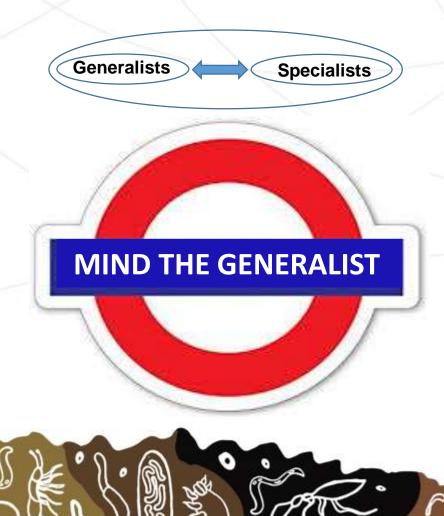


# CONCLUSIONS 1/2



The exploitation of P. ostreatus SMS in landfarming practices resulted to be a valuable management strategy for the reutilisation of an organic waste deriving from food industry to recover PCB contaminated agricultural soils

# CONCLUSIONS 2/2



- Actinobacterial saprophytic metabolism mandatory for
  PCB depletion and preceded the establishment of specialist species
- The saprophytic metabolism is associated to generalist species and it is involved in the competition for nutrients in the environment NUTRIENT CYCLES (Carbon Cycle)
- the saprophytic generalists might result to be pivotal to prime the actual degradation of contaminants and the blooming of specialists

because of the low

bioavailability of historical

# Thank you for your attention