

GLOBAL SYMPOSIUM on **SOILS** and **WATER**

02-05 October, 2023

Soil and water: a source of life

Setting the scene on One Health

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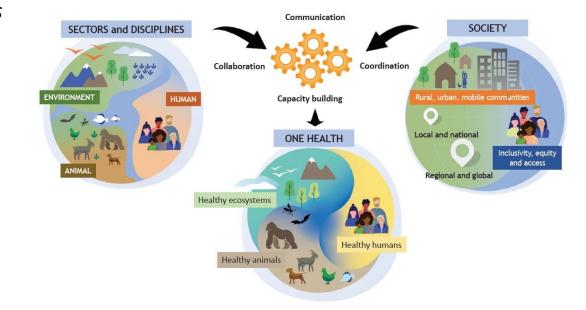


One Health definition

One Health is an integrated, unifying approach that aims to sustainably balance and optimize the health of people, animals and ecosystems.

It recognizes the health of humans, domestic and wild animals, plants, and the wider environment (including ecosystems) are closely linked and inter-dependent.

The approach mobilizes multiple sectors, disciplines and communities at varying levels of society to work together to foster well-being and tackle threats to health and ecosystems, while addressing the collective need for clean water, energy and air, safe and nutritious food, taking action on climate change, and contributing to sustainable development









One Health Priority Programme Area (OH PPA) as part of the FAO Strategic Framework 2022-30







One Health Priority Programme Area (OH PPA)

ONE HEALTH strengthening (OH PPA)



1. Improved early warning systems

2. Better biosecurity for pest and disease management

3. More effective emergency preparedness and response

4. Heightened AMR risk management 5. Enhanced
One Health
systems,
integrating
the















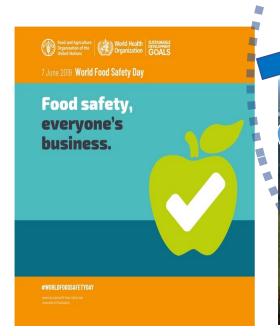
<u>Crosscutting: Strengthened One Health Systems, workforce capacities, investment</u> and infrastructure at all levels





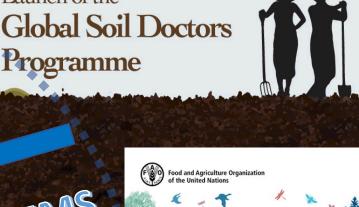


PROTECTING PLANTS, PROTECTING LIFE











forest invasive species needs national & regional collaboration.





COAG Sub-Committee on Livestock established

Successful First Session (16-18 March 2022)

Participation of over **600** delegates representing

- 129 FAO Member Nations
- 20+ UN agencies, IGOs, NGOs, CSOs, PSOs

COAG28 approved 3 major areas of work:

- 1. Sustainable livestock sector for food security and nutrition and inclusive economic growth
- 2. Animal, public and environmental health through the One Health approach
- 3. Natural resource use, climate change and biodiversity

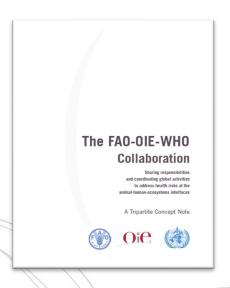






Quadripartite collaboration

Tripartite Concept Note April 2010



Tripartite MoU May 2018



Quadripartite MoU March 2022



- What was me and the control of the c
 - Policy advice and advocacy
 - Strategy development and capacity building
 - Evidence and knowledge

To consolidate, develop and harness the cooperation and effectiveness to address the threats at the human-animal-plant-environment interface, particularly preventing further zoonotic pandemics and AMR, by means of a strengthened "One Health" approach.

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Quadripartite activities: The One Health Joint Plan of Action (OH JPA)

Action Track 6: Integrating the Environment into One Health

Action Track 5:
Curbing the silent
pandemic of
Antimicrobial
Resistance (AMR)

Action Track 1: Enhancing Ome Health capacities to strengthen

strehigthyetehealth systems



Action Track 2: Reducing the risks from emerging and re-emerging zoonotic epidemics and pandemics



One Health Joint Plan of Action, 2022–2026

Action Track 3: Controlling and eliminating endemic zoonotic, neglected tropical and vector-borne diseases

Action Track 4: Strengthening the assessment, management and communication of food safety risks







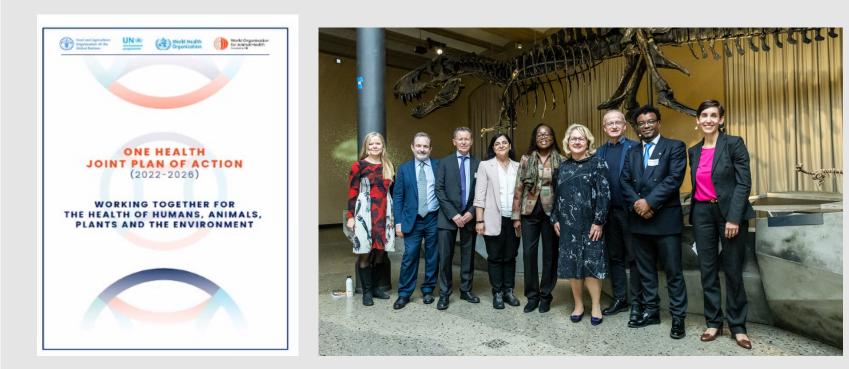




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Food and Agriculture

Overview of the Implementation Guide

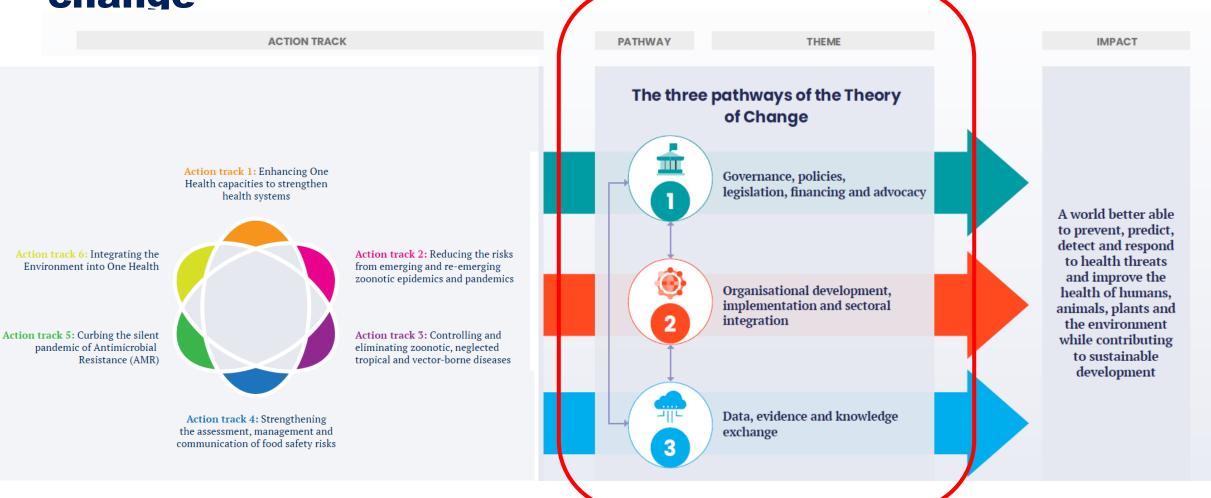


OH JPA Launch event during the World Health Summit, Berlin, in October 2022

Following the launch of the OH JPA, development of the complimentary **implementation guide** began to support and translate the objectives and high-level activities into **practical guidance** that can be adapted to **national level contexts.**

Basis of the Implementation Guide: Three pathways of

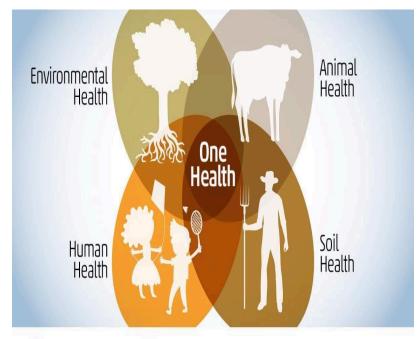
change



Why One Health approach should be applied to Soil Health and Water?

Some examples:

- When soil contaminant attenuation capacity exceeded, soil pollution becomes a critical concern for the health of the soil, the environment and people. Soil thus can become a source of contaminants for other environmental compartments, including food, water, air, and terrestrial and aquatic organisms and humans.
- Air pollution by chemical, physical or biological agents, fresh water and ocean pollution leads to the accumulation of toxic chemicals, heavy metals and microplastics in the human food chain with impact on humans and animals health.











Why One Health approach should be applied to Soil Health and Water?

Some examples:

- Pollution of water with problematic hazards (e.g., bacteria, virus, parasites, plastics, nitrogen, pesticides, herbicides) water is connected to everyone and has a lot of potential effects.
- Polluted water causes diseases in animals, humans, plants,
 ecosystems a OH approach to risk mitigation
- Sustainable water and land use ensure that water and land are managed carefully in terms of both quantity and quality so that it can still be available for humans, plants, animals, or ecosystems.

System thinking

Collaboration

Equity

Transdiciplinary

