

Beneficial management practices (BMPs) to meet the challenges to black soils

- 95% completed
- Can be improved by increasing localized BMP in the chapter
- Yuxin Tong is helping but my lack of personal contacts in these regions has hamper finalization of the chapter.
- Can be finalized in 3-4 days once we are satisfied with input from other regions.



Current Outline Introduction

- 1. Changes in land use and land management
- 2. Tillage and seeding systems
- 3. Water management
- 4. Fertilization and nutrient management
- 5. Biomass management of annual and perennial crops
- 6. Grassland management
- 7. Prevalent and Alternative Production Systems



Introduction

- 1. Changes in land use and land management
- 2. Tillage and seeding systems
 - 1. The purpose of tillage on black soils
 - 2. Soil conservation management practices for the black soils
 - 1. Non-Inversion tillage (Minimum Tillage or Conservation Tillage)
 - 2. No-Till Strip tillage
 - 3. No-Till



3. Water management

- 1. Importance of water
- 2. Management of water
- 3. Irrigation systems and the management practices used to reduce the impact of irrigation on black soils and the environment
- 4. Management of water in dryland systems on black soils



4. Fertilization and nutrient management

- 1. Major nutrient management issues or challenges
 - 1. Soil organic matter content
 - 2. Macro and micro nutrient content
 - 3. Soil texture
 - 4. Soil pH
 - 5. Environmental conditions
 - 6. Soil testing
- 2. Recommended strategies for effective nutrient management
 - 1. Soil health
 - 2. 4R nutrient principles Source, Rate, Time, Placement



5. Biomass management of annual and perennial crops

- Importance of Biomass.
 - 1. Removal of biomass that lowers organic carbon in soil
 - 2. Removal of biomass increases erosion potential
 - 3. Accelerated decomposition of biomass
- Management practices that reduce biomass retention
 - 1. Biomass harvest
 - 2. Grazing Biomass
- Beneficial management practices
 - Crop rotation to provide biomass with a high C to N ratio
 - Cover Crops
 - 3. Shelter/Buffer belts
 3rd Workshop of the International Network of Black Soils | 13-14 December 2021
 - 4. Perennial Crops



5. Grassland management

- 1. Extent of grazing on black soils
- 2. Grazing management practices that reduce sustainability of the land.
 - 1. Overgrazing
- 3. Grazing management practices that improve sustainability of the land
 - 1. Grazing Intensity
 - 2. Site Productivity
 - 3. Stocking Method (Grazing Systems)
 - 4. Herbivore Type
 - 5. Plant Cover and Plant Species



7. Prevalent and Alternative Production Systems

- Grazing of Perennial Forages in a Rangeland
- 2. Crop/Livestock Farming System
- 3. Small grain cropping systems
- 4. Extent of grazing on black soils
- 5. Wide row cropping systems
- 6. Grazing management practices that reduce sustainability of the land
- 7. Organic cropping system



Questions that I would like answers for

- Under what curcumstances do we have black soils with low residual levels of K in soil?
- Soil testing are there large differences in the tests used among the black soil regions of the world?
- Timing of fertilizer application at spring seeding or just prior to for all crops except corn
- Extent of black soil used for grazing around the world?
- Best Management Practices that are local and important not used elsewhere?