



Adverse effects of Na and Cl on plants and strategies leveraging on saline soil heterogeneity to mitigate them

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Crop nutrition in salt-affected soils, 24 April, 2024

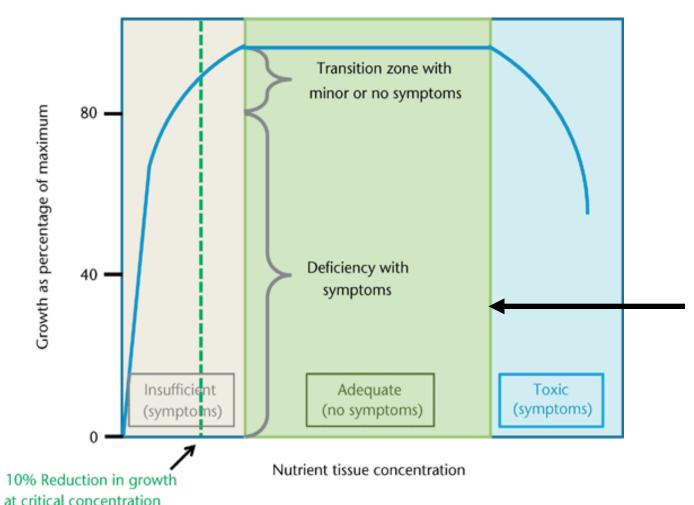


Outline

- 1. Na and Cl toxicity in saltaffected plants – are all plants equally affected?
- 2. Na and K interactions the importance of high K:Na ratio
- 3. Management options
- 4. Heterogeneity of saline soils and implications for crop nutrition and management



Sodium and chloride beneficial nutrients and toxicants



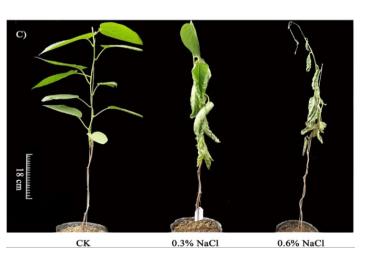
A nutrient is an element which is **essential** or **beneficial** for plant growth and development or for the quality attributes of the plant or harvested product.

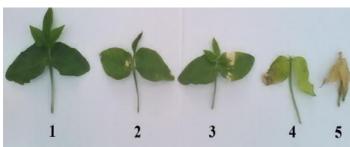
This threshold will vary greatly depending on the species and cultivar

Miller 2014. DOI: (10.1002/9780470015902.a0023717)

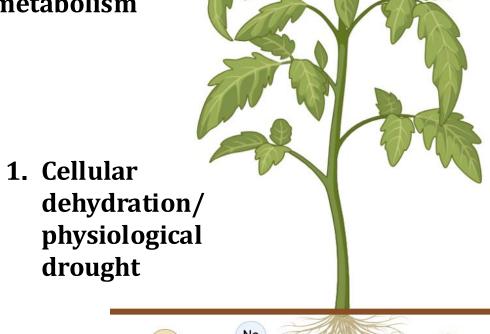


Na and Cl: why are they toxic?

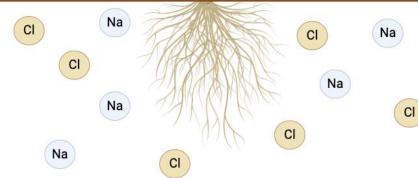




2. Slow down or distrupt cellular metabolism



3. Oxidative stress due to excess generation of reactive oxygen species





Na and Cl are not always equally damaging

Using a combination of different Na salts and Cl salts, Na-dominant and Cl-dominant soils are produced

Table 2. The shoot dry matter, plant height, and leaf chlorophyll of two genotypes of faba bean (line 1487/7 and Nura) grown on soils treated with Na⁺, Cl⁻, and NaCl salts for 49 d

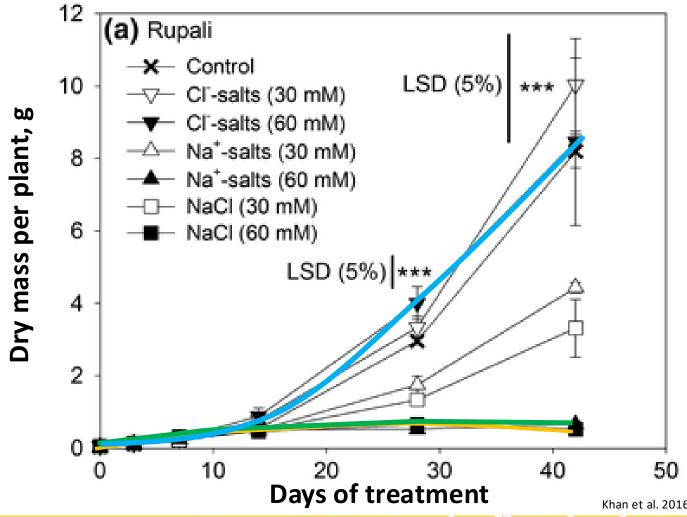
		Control	Na ⁺ -soil	Cl ⁻ -soil	NaCl-soil	
		Dry weight (g)	EC _{FC} : approx 9 dS m ⁻¹			
T	1487/7	1.498				
S	Nura	1.608				

Tavakkoli et al. 2010. JXB

In fava bean, while there are additive effects, plants are more sensitive to Cl



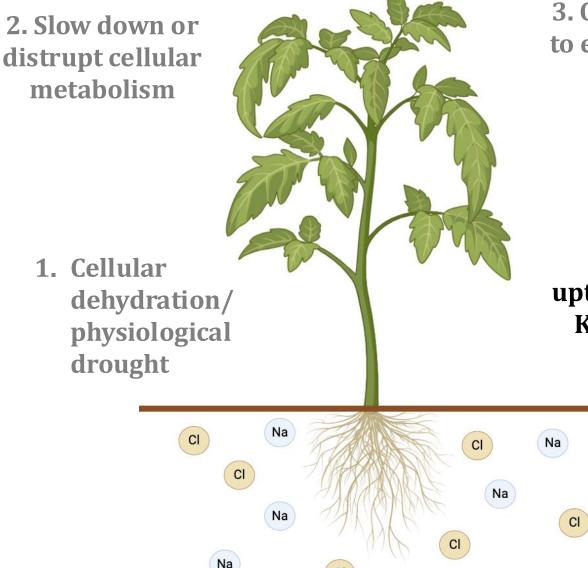
Na and Cl are not always equally damaging



Salt sensitivity due to Na toxicity



Na and Cl: why are they toxic?



3. Oxidative stress due to excess generation of reactive oxygen species

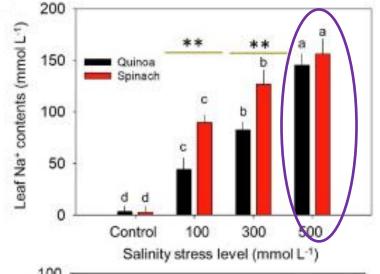
4. Nutrient
deficiencies
(competition for
uptake and promoting
K efflux from roots
and leaf cells)

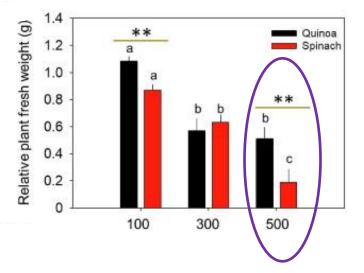


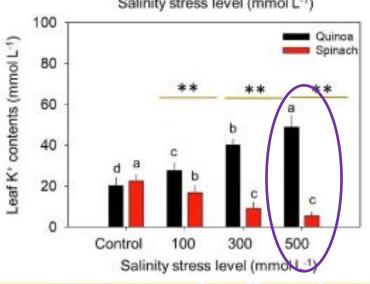
Not only Na and Cl:

the ability to mantain K homeostasis is often key for salt tolerance









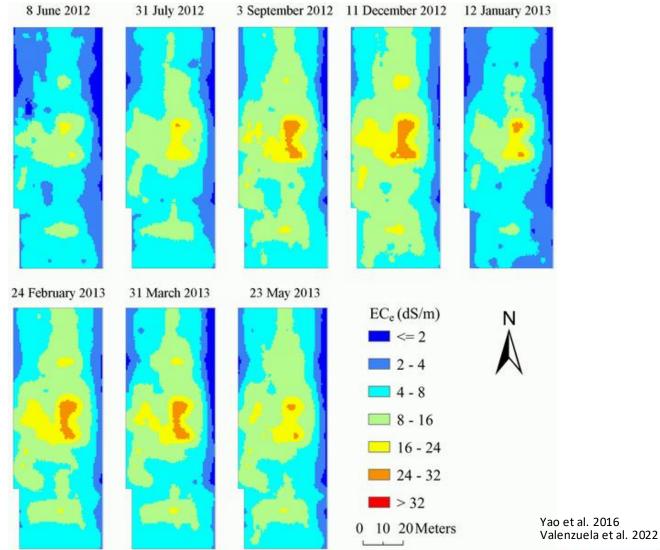
Take home message:
Ion homestasis is crucial
for long-term salt
tolerance

Tanveer et al. 2024. The Crop Journal



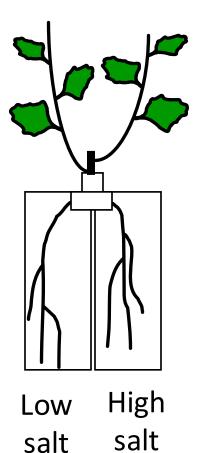
Heterogeneity is the norm in saline soil







How do plant respond to heterogeneous salinitiies?



1500/1500 10/1500 10/10 870

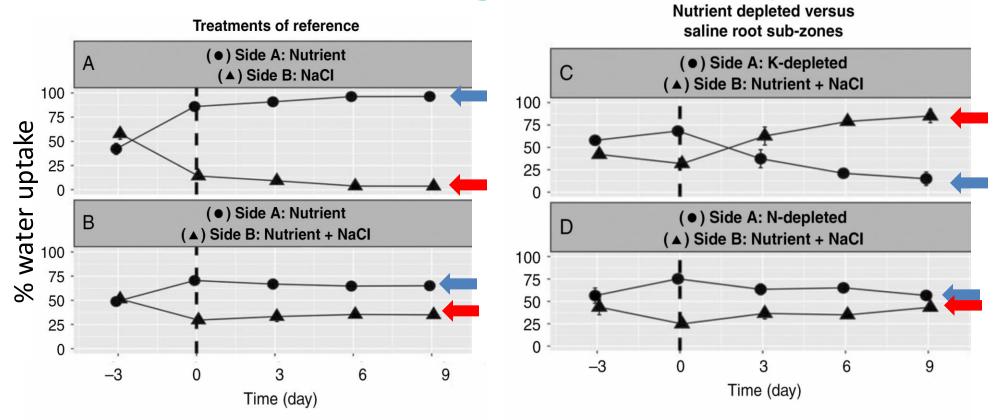
Plants integrate the salinities in the roots

While tissue ion concentrations in roots reflect those on the external solutions, in shoots they reflect the root or water uptake weighted-mean salinity in roots

Leaf Na (mM) **500** 2000



Nutrient 'patches' can influence response to heterogeneous salinity

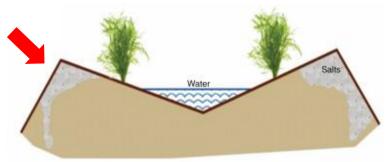


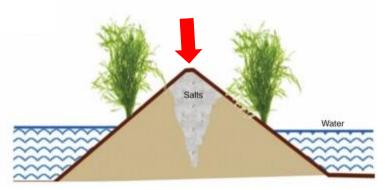
In these experiments, tomato (*Lycopersicon esculentum*) seedlings were grown in a hydroponic split-root method for 9 d under heterogeneous saline and nutritional conditions applied separately and in combination.

Valenzuela et al. 2022

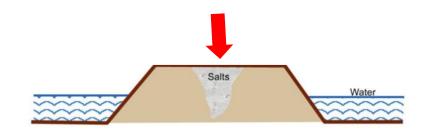


Managing heterogeneity to improve plant performance





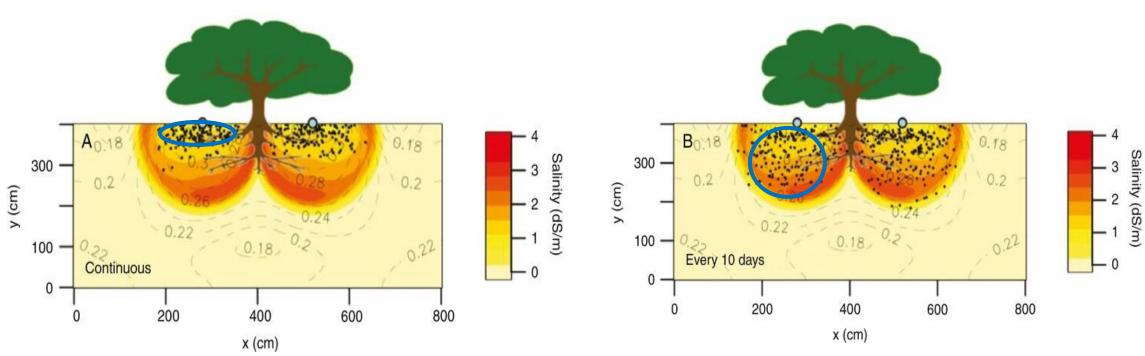
- Agronomical practices (e.g. mulching) and different irrigation systems affect this heterogeneity
- Crop placement in the right place is crucial
- Management of heterogeneity may allow sustainable crop production in saline soils





Valenzuela et al. 2022. AOB; Shahid 2013 Clim Chang Outlook Adapt: Int J Zaman et al. 2018 doi:10.1007/978-3-319-96190-3

Managing heterogeneity to improve plant performance



Simulated spatial distributions of salinity and nitrate following a growing season with an equal amount of nitrate applied continuously (left) and once every 10 d for 8 h (right). The density of black dots represents the concentration of nitrate in the soil







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