

The Recarbonization of Agricultural Soils (RECSOIL) initiative: supporting farmers to increase soil carbon while bolstering soil health

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Recarbonization of agricultural TECHNICAL FEASIBILITY Current SOC AGREEMENT stocks and SOC sequestration TO WORK WITH RECSOIL potential) (Agreement between farmers and RECSOIL) **PROVISION** OF TECHNICAL SUPPORT AND FINANCIAL **INCENTIVES ADOPTION OF** GOOD PRACTICES BY FARMERS Global SOC Monitoring System SSM Protocol GSOC-MRV Protoco MEASURING, REPORTING

What is RECSOIL?

- It's an innovative initiative with the objective of improving soil health through the maintenance and increase of SOC stocks.
- It is a mechanism whereby farmers are encouraged/compensated to adopt sustainable practices to increase yields.
- Farmers receive technical support and financial incentives (national and international project funds, donors)





RECSOIL – Tools, Projects and **Networks - FAO GSP**







GSOC and **GSOCseq** Maps and **Capacity Development**





SSM and GSOC MRV Protocols



Harmonization of Laboratory Procedures e.g. for SOC













Farmers are duly recognized and compensated

Individual payment

Working with national or the seate ecosystem payment service schemes for individual farmer compensation





In the case of Costa Rica:
Existing ecosystem payment services for forestry
Practice-based point system for farmer compensation

Communitybased incentives

Provision of equipment and communal resources for the longevity of SSM practice implementation





In the case of Togo:

- RECSOIL implemented primarily through producers' organisation
- Preference expressed for processing equipment for cashew nuts and other communal resources

RECSOIL tools can support national priorities and targets

Soil carbon measurements at the heart of the 3 Rio conventions



United Nations

Framework Convention on Climate Change

Mitigate and adapt to climate change

TARGET

NATIONALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS





Conserve and use sustainably above and below ground biodiversity

TARGET
KUNMING-MONTREAL TARGETS

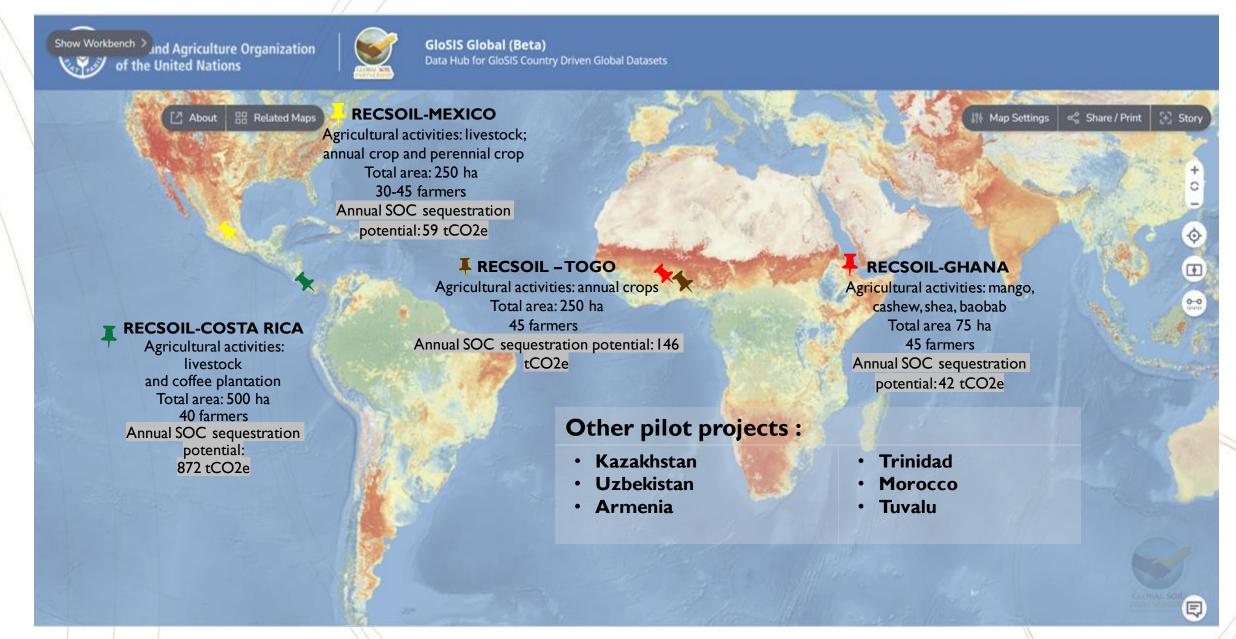


Combat desertification, Land Degradation, and Drought

TARGET
LAND DEGRADATION NEUTRALITY



RECSOIL - Green Path / Piloting countries



Smallholder farmer focus in Northern Ghana's Savannah

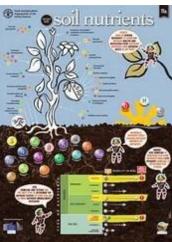
The pilot project is implemented in the area of **Lawra**, through partnership with:

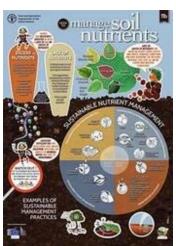
- Council for Scientific and Industrial Research Soil Research Institute (CSIR-SRI)
- Community Action in Development and Research (CADER, farmers' association)

The primary production systems divided into:

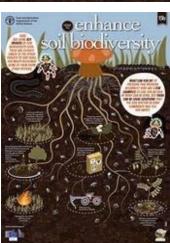
- Cultivation of maize, millet, and rice
- Agroforestry of baobob, mango and shea
- Integration of livestock

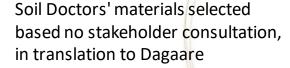
45 farmers are participating across 75 hectares.





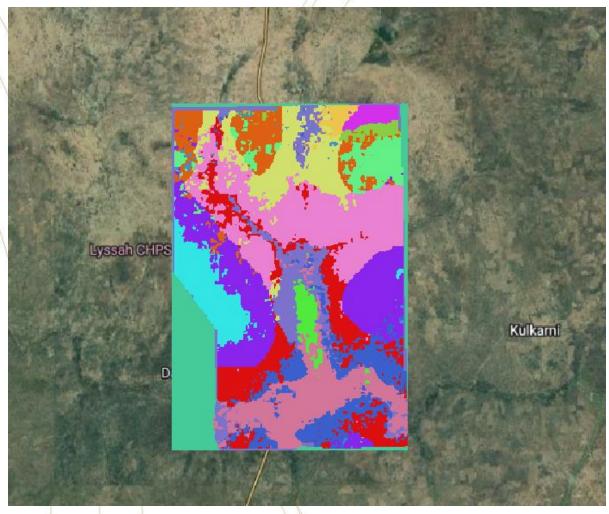








Implementation of RECSOIL in Northern Ghana



Stratification of project area into homogenous assessment units using soil, land and climate data

- 15 technicians trained on data management and spatial tools for designing and implementing a robust sampling strategy for soil carbon monitoring
- Draft sampling design created, to be validated in the field
- Soil Doctors' materials adapted for project area
- Next steps:
 - In-person training Soil Doctors and baseline analysis methods
 - Finalisation of SSM implementation based on baseline results

