

Republic of Belarus

Inception workshop of the project "Strengthening the regional preparedness, prevention and response against lumpy skin disease in Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine" (TCP/RER/3605)

Kiev, Ukraine 29-30 May 2018

Cattle Population

Type of farming	Dairy	Beef	Total
Cattle population	1 500 000		4 363 000
Small holdings	95%		97,6%
Farms+backyards	5% (0,3+4,7)		2,4% (0,3+2,1)

· Cattle density map if available

• Seasonal cattle migration: Y/N - Map of the migration routes if available

• Nomadic farming practices: Y/N - Map of the migration routes if available

• Domestic buffalo: Y/N

Data and risk assessment

- Data base and information system. Please describe:
 - Country cattle identification system? Yes, since 2015
 - Movement records? Yes
 - Information on vector populations? Only entomologists
- Risk assessment Where and how do you expect their first introduction? May be close to main roads

Diagnostic capacity

Assay	Available	Not available	Testing possible at any time (24/7)	Max capacity of sample testing/day
PCR Gel based	Yes		Yes	
PCR Real-time	Yes		Yes	
Virus isolation	No		No	
Serology	Yes		Yes	
Other				

LSD Vaccination campaigns

	Start (Date)	Vaccination strategy (whole country, ring vacc., buffer zone)	
Vaccination campaign (2018)	No		

Product name	Manufacturer	Dosage	Present stock	Adverse reactions detected
Lumpy skin disease vaccine for cattle	ОРВ			
Lumpyvax	MSD			
Other vaccine (name)	Sheep and goats Pox		Yes	

- Started tender for vaccine for vaccination campaigns in 2018? Y/N
- If yes, for how many doses?

Surveillance for LSD in peace time

Measure	Applied		Not applied
Surveillance programme in place	In risk areas	All country	No
Clinical surveillance	Active (# of samples)	Passive (# of samples)	Yes
Serosurveillance	# of samples		No
Vector surveillance	entomological	Testing vectors for virus presence	No

Planned LSD outbreak response

Measure	Applied			Not applied	
Contingency plan available	Yes	Yes			
Cattle movement control	Yes				
Cleaning and disinfection	Yes				
Stamping-out policy	Total (all animals)	Partial (only those with clinical signs)		Partial (only severe cases)	
Disposal of carcasses	At site	Outside		Into a plant	
	Burning	Burial		Rendering	
Vector control	Animals	Facilities		Environment	+
Clinical surveillance	Active (# of samples)	Passive (# of samples)			
Serosurveillance	# of samples			+	
Vector surveillance	entomological	Testing vectors for virus presence		+	

Current LSD awareness

- LSD awareness campaigns in your country: Yes
- Start date of awareness campaigns: 2016
- Targeted stakeholders: vets, farmers, owners
- Awareness tools: media (TV, radio), tut.by
- Awareness plans/strategies: seminars, booklets
- Geographical area: whole country

LSD awareness campaigns

Awareness campaigns targeted to:	Y/N	Start date of awareness campaign	Comments
Official vets	Yes	2016	
Private vets	Yes		
Big farmers	Yes		
Small backyard farmers	Yes		
Traders / Middlemen	Yes		
Transporters			
Other	Students		

Awareness tools (please provide pictures of the materials)

	Y/N	Number of printed materials/meetings	Primary target audience	Applied to the whole country/zone (Y/N; if NO, specify)
Leaflets				
Posters				
Booklets				
Meetings with official vets	Yes			Yes
Meetings with private vets	Yes			Yes
Meetings with farmers	Yes			Yes
Website				
TV/Radio	Yes			Yes
Other				

Upcoming awareness strategies

- · Objectives: informing of all farm animals owners and producers
- Start date of awareness campaigns: 2018
- Targeted stakeholders: informing of all farm animals owners and producers
- Scope:
- Awareness tools: many (seminars, booklets, media, etc.)
- · Geographical area: whole country

LSD challenges, gaps and needs

- No data of spread in 2018
- Ways of spread, role of vectors
- Questions to vaccines (homo or hetero) and strategy of vaccinations