

Tilapia Sectoral Information for Uganda

Tilapia Sectoral Information for Uganda

Tilapia species (Wild and farmed)	O. niloticus, Tilapia Zilli, O. esculentus, O. leucostictus
Geographical distribution of tilapia farms and hatcheries	Country wide
Geographical distribution of wild tilapia stocks	All major lakes: Victoria, Albert, Kyoga, Edward, George and the River Nile.
Average yearly production of the farms /hatcheries	74,924 tonnes
Production season if non-continuous	Continuous
Average yearly catches of wild tilapia	59,000 tonnes of which 80% from Victoria.

Tilapia Sectoral Information for Uganda

Available laboratory facilities- Location and capacities	1) Makerere University Zoology (Bacteriology, Histology, Molecular lab, parasitology, Wet Lab) College of Veterinary (Bacteriology, Histology, Molecular lab, parasitology, Virology) Biochemistry (Electron microscope) Medical/Public health (Electron microscope) 1) NAFFIRI (ARDC) Bacteriology, Parasitology, Wet lab 2) UVRI (Virology (isolation/Molecular) 3) Uganda Government Lab (Molecular lab, Wet Lab)
Current known status	Suspected (Scientific report)

Tilapia Sectoral Information for Uganda

Stakeholders	Farmers, Feed manufacturers, Hatcheries, Academia, Research Line Ministries (Water, Fisheries, NEMA, Transport, Trade and Industry, Health, Vet, PSF, Local Governments) Consumers, Farmer Organisations, Input suppliers. Development Partners
---------------------	--

Bottle –necks in development and implementation

Government Commitment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Aquaculture is a priority commodity- Enabling policy and legislative environment
Champions - High rate of staff turn-over	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Country delegates are permanent staff- Selection of a multi-disciplinary team to support implementation process
Technical and operational support	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Local technical personnel as well as FAO-Uganda- Basic infrastructure in place- Existing structures to support implementation

Bottle –necks in development and implementation

Limited support	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- align project activities into national agriculture sector strategic plan- lobby for support from on-going projects in the sector e.g. EU project, NARO-CGS- new proposals to various development partners
Buy-in from relevant stakeholders - Farmers unwillingness to participate	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Hold dialogue meetings with key stakeholders along the value chain- Develop communication strategy- Production of IEC materials
Unexpected events or other risks	