

European State Forests: Current trends, Co-operation, Challenges ahead

Piotr Borkowski

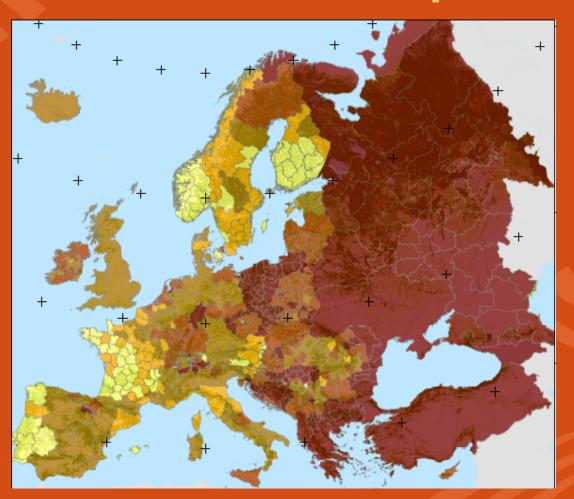
Executive Director
European State Forest Association (EUSTAFOR)

Climate Change Guidelines for Forest Managers

April 21-23 2015, Białowieża, Poland



Public forests in Europe (source EFI)





Public forests in the EU – basic info

- Around 40 % of the forests is publicly owned
- Public ownership dominates in most of the eastern and south-eastern EU Member States
- The average size of public forest holding more than 1000 ha (considerable differences among MS) based on data for 24 EU Member States



Public forests in the EU – basic info /2/

- Publicly owned area decreased by a total of 2.9 % between 2000 and 2010
 - Decrease in ten EU Member States: RO, SI, LT, less in AT, FI, LV, EE and UK
 - In new MS due to the restitution of land to former owners, while other countries sold their public forest assets.



EUSTAFOR – cooperation platform

- Established 2006
- Non-profit international organisation based on Belgian law
- Membership open to State
 Forest Management
 Organisations (SFMOs) from all European countries
- Headquarters: European
 Forestry House in Brussels





EUSTAFOR at a glance

- 29 members from 21 countries
- Total forest area ~46 Mha (28% of EU forest area)
- Protected forest area ~13 Mha
- Certified forest area ~28 Mha (PEFC, FSC)
- Annual increment ~155 Mm3
- Annual harvest ~119 Mm3
- Number of employees ~118 000





Overall Objectives

- Represents state forests in EU and pan-European policy making
- Promotes the common interest and specific features of state forestry
- Supports SFMOs in further enhancing sustainable and responsible forest management from economic, social, cultural and ecological points of view



Vision and Mission

- Vision:
 - Voice of state owned forestry in Europe
- Mission:
 - Supporting and strengthening member organisations in sustainable development of their forests and sharing know-how and experiences among its members



What does EUSTAFOR do?

- Contributes to forest policy decision-making in the EU (European Parliament, European Council, European Commission) through sharing sound practical knowledge and experience of its members
- Lobbies for the state forests' interests
- Closely works with other stakeholders in the forest sector (other ownerships, forest-based industry, research community and environmental NGOs)
- Provides a platform for co-operation and experience exchange among its members



EUSTAFOR activities (1)

- analyzing the existing legal frameworks, policy processes and initiatives in the EU with a view to enable sustainable development of state forests
- developing and delivering positions on emerging issues based on professional experience gained in field-level forest management
- active participation in various initiatives related to forests by the EU and other actors



EUSTAFOR activities (2)

- Serving as a focal point that provides guidance on developments of relevant EU legislation and policies
- Facilitating and enhancing know-how exchange and networking among SFMO
- Informing members on topics and issues relevant for forests at the EU agenda
- Building-up networking with other stakeholders in Brussels
- Promoting research and innovation through supporting FTP and participation in EU funded research



Work modalities

- EUSTAFOR Working groups on actual topics
 - Strategic and institutional challenges of SFMO/risk management
 - Communicators' Network completed:
 - Natura 2000 in forests, Biomass and Bioenergy,
 Ecosystem Services, <u>Climate Change</u>
- Information exchange
 - keep the association's members regularly informed on topics and issues that concern the whole of Europe
 - Newsletter "eustafor.express"



Challenges of today

- Sustainability & multifunctionality of forest management
 - Economic effectiveness
 - Protection, conservation, development of forests
 - Growing societal demands continuous provision of benefits
- Integrity of the forest sector and forest sector policy
 - New EU Forest Strategy
 - Cross-sectoral linkages forests (<u>Climate change</u>, bio-energy, biodiversity, plant health, etc.)
- Legal and institutional challenges for the state forests in Europe

EU Forest Policy: a complex scattered puzzle

EU Forest Roadmap to a 2030 Climate and Strategy Resource **Energy Framework** Efficient Europe SFM criteria under EUFS Renewable Energy Source Directive **ILUC** Sustainability criteria **Invasive Alien Species** for biomass EU Strategy on Regulation Adaptation to Plant health Biodiversity Strategy Climate change control Regulation Bioeconomy 2020 Strategy State Aid CAP post 2013 -**Public** Rules MAES Research FP 7/ Rural Development procurement Horizon 2020 Green NATURA2000 **EU Timber** Infrastructure Water Framework Regulation **Habitat Directive** Directive No Net Loss **Birds Directive LULUCF**





Current agenda

- EU level:
 - New EU Forest Strategy Sustainability Criteria for FM (energy context)
 - Biodiversity Strategy 2020 (GI, NNL), N2K and Forest management – Fitness Check
 - Climate & Energy Package 2030 (LULUCF, biomass policy)
 - Bioeconomy, ILUC, cascade use, ...
 - Implementation of EU Timber Regulation
- Pan-European level:
 - Negotiations on a LBA on forests at serious risk to fail or already failed
 - Co-operation with FAO & UNECE



State Forests & bio-economy











State Forests & Climate Change

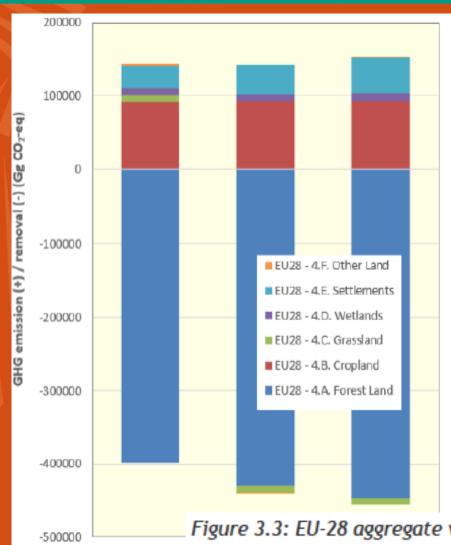
European Forestry in the Face of Climate Change

EUSTAFOR Guidelines



- Conserving and increasing of forest land
- Maintaining & improving carbon balance
- Carbon storage in HWP and substitution effects





2000

2012

1990

EU Climate Policy development in 2015:

- Public Consultation on LULUCF ongoing – 3 options on the table for the land use sector

Figure 3.3: EU-28 aggregate values for land categories in the LULUCF sector



Thank you

Piotr Borkowski

Executive Director

European State Forest Association (EUSTAFOR)

European Forestry House

Rue du Luxembourg 66

1000 Brussels

Phone: +32 2 239 2304

Mobile: +32 4 74989319

Fax: +32 2 219 2191

www.eustafor.eu